

F. B. Meck

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Descriptions of Twenty-five new species of UNIONIDÆ.

DESCRIPTION OF A NEW SPECIES OF NERITINA,
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DESCRIPTIONS OF TWO NEW SPECIES OF ANODONTÆ,
From Arctic America.

DESCRIPTIONS OF NEW SPECIES OF SCHIZOSTOMA, &c.
DESCRIPTIONS OF TWELVE NEW SPECIES OF UNIONES,
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DESCRIPTION OF A NEW GENUS, (STREPHOBASIS.)

Descriptions of Forty-nine new species of MELANIÆ.

DESCRIPTIONS OF NEW FOSSIL MOLLUSCA,

Descriptions of Eleven new species of the genus UNIO.

Descriptions of Seven new species of the genus IO.

BY

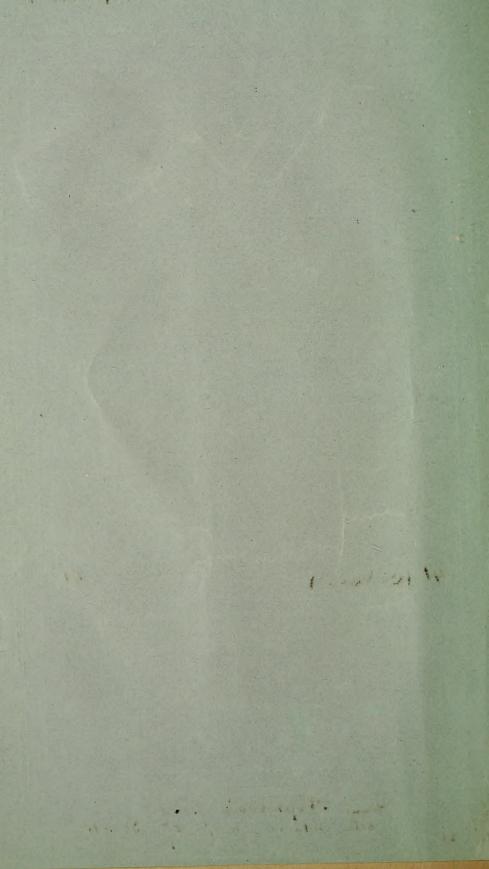
ISAAC LEA, LL. D., &c. &c.

PHILADELPHIA:

1862.

Jenns Strephobasis, p. 31 other Melanidae p. 8, - 27 - 33 - 13

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Extracts from the Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, of papers,

By ISAAC LEA.

[Communicated March 13th, 1860.]

Mr. Lea stated that when he made some remarks, a few weeks since, on the *Unionidæ* of the United States, he gave the number of them incorrectly by an inadvertence. He now desired to restate them numerically:

Unio, .									465	species.
Margaritana									26	44
Anodonta,									59	44
									550	
To these may be added, new species in his cabinet not yet										
descr	bed,								30	
									580	
And to these may be added, for North America, known to										
inhab	it Mex	ico, l	Hond	uras,	Centra	Amer	ica :	and		
one i	n Cana	da,				Unio,		29		
						Anode	onta,	8	37	
									617	

It will be observed that we have not in North America either of the genera. Triquetra, (Hyria, Lam.,) Prisodon, (Castalia, Lam.,) Monocondylæa, Mycetopus, Byssandonta, or Plagiodon. They are all emphatically South American types, while there does not seem to inhabit the southern half of America a single species of Margaritana, (Alasmodonta, Say.) Ferussac has described a species (A. incurva) as coming from South America, but there is reasonable doubt of it. The Monocondylæa and Margaritana seem mutually to replace each other. The Uniones and Anodontæ prevail in both parts of the continent over all the other genera, both as to numbers and universality of distribution. The genus Mulleria, (Acostea, D'Orb.) has only been found in the tributaries of the Magdalena in New Granada.

Descriptions of Fifteen new Species of Uruguayan UNIONIDÆ

BY ISAAC LEA.

[Read March 13th, 1860.]

During the winter of 1858-59, R. B. Forbes, Esq., of Boston, whose name has been identified with so many works of philanthropy and public utility, organized an excursion to the La Plata, the Uruguay and Rio Negro rivers, in South America; his object in part being to afford facilities for studying the natural history of the countries bordering on these waters. Professor J. Wyman, who accompanied him, has most kindly placed at my disposal all the specimens of the Unionidæ which he had been enabled to collect in these extensive southern fresh waters. In this very interesting collection I was surprised to find so many species which had not been before observed. These are now herein described, and consist of eleven Uniones and four Anodonta. The whole number brought of these fresh water Mulluscs, was twenty-three species. Those heretofore described are Prisodon truncatus, Schum., (Castalia ambigua, Lam.,) Unio Paranensis, Lea., U. parallelopipedon, Lea., Anodonta rotunda, Spix, A. trapezalis, Lam., A. lato-marginata, Lea, A. tenebricosa, Lea, A. Blainvilliana, Lea. In addition there were three small species of Cyrena, two of which I have not ascertained, the third is the variegata of D'Orbigny. There was also a small species of Cyclas.

UNIO WYMANI.—Testâ lævi, anticè subsulcatâ, quadratâ, compressâ, ad latere planulatâ, inæquilaterali, posticè obtusè angulatâ, anticè rotundatâ; valvulis subcrassis, anticè crassioribus; natibus prominulis, ad apices divaricatè undulatis; epidermide tenebroso-olivâ, vel eradiatâ vel obsoletè radiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus compressis, erectis, crenulatis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus longis, crenulatis subcurvisque; margaritâ argenteâ et valdè iridescente.

Hab .- Uruguay River, S. America. Prof. J. Wyman.

UNIO URUGUAYENSIS.—Testâ lævi, anticè subsulcatâ, ellipticâ, inflatâ, subequilaterali, posticè obtusè angulatâ, anticè rotundatâ; valvulis subcrassis, anticè crassioribus; natibus subprominentibus, ad apices divaricatê undulatis; epidermidè virido-fuscâ, posticè tenebricosâ, politâ, obsoletè radiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus compressis, crenulatis suberectisque; lateralibus longis subrectisque; margaritâ argenteâ et iridescente.

Hab .- Uruguay River, S. America. Prof. J. Wyman.

Unio piger.—Testâ lævi, ellipticâ, inflatâ, subequilaterali, posticè obtusè augulatâ, anticè obliquè rotundatâ; valvulis crassiusculis, anticè paulisper cras-

sioribus; natibus subprominentibus, inflatis, ad apices divaricatè undulatis; epidermide nigro-fuscâ, striatâ, obsoletè radiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus compressis, crenulatis; lateralibus sublongis curvisque; margaritâ argenteâ et iridescente.

Hab .- Uruguay River, S. America. Prof. J. Wyman.

Unio pereformis.—Testâ lævi, subrotundâ, inflatâ, valdê înæquilaterali, posticê obtusê subangulatâ, anticê obliquê rotundatâ; valvulis subcrassis, anticê paulisper crassioribus; natibus vix prominentibus, inflatis; epidermide striatâ, nigro-virente, eradiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, compressis crenulatisque; lateralibus sublongis subrectisque; margaritâ argenteâ et iridescente.

Hab .- Uruguay River, S. America. Prof. J. Wyman.

UNIO NOCTURNIS.—Testâ lævi, subrotundâ, subcompressâ, inæquilaterali, anticè et posticè rotundatâ; valvulis crassis, anticè crassioribus: natibus prominulis, subinflatis; epidermide nigricante, anticè rugoso-striatâ, eradiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, erectis; subcompressis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus-sublongis valdè curvisque; margaritâ vel albâ vel salmonis colore tinctà.

Hab.-Uruguay River, S. America. Prof. J. Wyman.

Unio funebralis.—Testâ lævi, subrotundatâ, compressissimâ, inæquilaterali, auticè et posticè rotundatâ; valvulis crassis, anticè crassioribus; natibus prominulis, compressis; epidermide nigricante, striatâ, ad apices micante, eradiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, subcompressis, tripartitis; lateralibus sublongis valdè curvisque; margaritâ vel albâ vel salmonis colore tinctâ.

Hab .- Uruguay River, S. America. Prof. J. Wyman.

Unio gratus.—Testâ lævi, subrotundâ, subinflatâ, inæquilaterali, anticè et posticè rotundatâ; valvulis subcrassis, anticè paulisper crassioribus; natibus subprominentibus, ad apices divaricatè undulatis; epidermide tenebroso-fuscâ, micantè, obsoletè radiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, compressis striatisque; lateralibus sublongis subcurvisque; margaritâ albâ et iridescente.

Hab .- Uruguay River, S. America. Prof. J. Wyman.

Uno disculus.—Testà lævi, subrotunda, valdè compressa, valdè inæquilaterali, anticè et posticè rotundata; valvulis crassiusculis, anticè paulisper crassioribus; natibus subprominentibus, ad apices paulisper divaricatè undulatis; epidermide tenebroso-castanea, minutè striata obsoletè radiataque; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, lamellatis crenulatisque; lateralibus sublongis, striatis curvisque; margarità alba et iridescente.

Hab .- Uruguay River, S. America. Prof. J. Wyman.

Unio piceus.—Testă lævi, elliptică, subinflată, valdê inæquilaterali, posticé subrotundată, antice oblique rotundată; valvulis crassiusculis, antice paulisper crassioribus; natibus prominulis; epidermide micante, nigrâ, striatâ obsoletê radiatâ vel eradiată; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, compressis, obliquis, in valvulo sinistro singulis; lateralibus sublongis subcurvisque; margaritâ cæruleâ albâ et iridescente.

Hab .- Uruguay River, S. America. Prof. J. Wyman.

UNIO LEPIDUS.—Testâ lævi, ellipticâ, subinflatâ, valdè inæquilaterali, postice subrotundatâ, anticè rotundâ; valvulis subtenuibus, anticè paulisper crassioribus; natibus prominulis, ad apices rugosè et divaricatê undulatis; epidermide politâ, fusco-virentê, striatâ, radiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, compressis, obliquis; lateralibus sublongis subcurvisque; margaritâ cæruleo-albâ et valdè iridescente.

Hab .- Uruguay River, S. America. Prof. J. Wyman.

UNIO ÆTHIOPS.—Testâ lævi, oblongâ, subinflatâ, ad laterê planulatâ, valdé inæquilaterali, posticê biangulatâ, anticê rotundatâ; valvulis crassiuseulis, anticê crassioribus; natibus prominulis, planulatis, ad apices divaricaté undulatis; epidermide micante, nigrá, striatâ, eradiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, compressis, obliquis, suberectis crenulatisque; lateralibus prælongis, crenulatis rectisque; margaritâ albâ et iridescente.

Hab .- Uruguay River, S. America. Prof. J. Wyman.

Anddonta Wymani.—Testâ lævi, ellipticâ, subinflatâ, inæquilaterali, posticè subbiangulatâ, anticè regulariter rotundatâ; valvulis crassis, anticè paulisper crassioribus; natibus prominulis, ad apices æquis; epidermide cinnomomeâ, vel eradiatâ vel obsoletè radiatâ; margaritâ roseâ et valdè iridescente.

Hab .- Uruguay River, S. America. Prof. J. Wyman.

Anodonta rubicunda—Testà alatà, lævi, subrotundà, inflatà, subequilaterali, anticè et posticè rotundatà; valvulis subtenuibus; natibus elevatis, tumidis, rosaceis; epidermide tenebroso-rufo-fuscà, vel obsoletè radiatà vel eradiatà, margarità rufo-salmonis colore tinctà et valdè iridescente.

Hab.-Uruguay River, S. America. Prof. J. Wyman.

Anodonta Forbesiana.—Testâ lævi, suboblongâ, ventricosâ, inæquilaterali, valvulis crassiusculis; natibus elevatis, inflatis; epidermide luteo-fuscâ, micante, vel eradiatâ vel obsoletê radiatâ; margaritâ albidâ et valdê iridescente.

Hab .-- Uruguay River, S. America. Prof. J. Wyman.

Andronta Uruguavensis.—Testâ lævi, obovatâ, ventricosâ, valdè inæquilaterali; valvulis subcrassis, anticé paulisper crassioribus; natibus subclevatis. tumidis; epidermide tenebroso-olivâ, eradiatâ; margaritâ cæruleo-albâ et valdè iridescente.

Hab .-- Uruguay River, S. America. Prof. J. Wyman.

Descriptions of Four New Species of UNIONIDÆ from Brazil and Buenos Ayres.

BY ISAAC LEA.

(Read March 13th, 1860.)

UNIO TRIFIDUS.—Testâ lævi, obliquo-oblongâ, ad laterê planulatâ, valdê inæquilaterali, posticê acutê angulatâ, anticê rotundâ; valvulis crassiusculis, anticê crassioribus; natibus prominentibus, ad apices rugosê et divaricatê undulatis; epidermide micante, luteo-viridi, eradiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus grandibus, trifidis, sulcatis; lateralibus longis, crenulatis, in valvulo dextro trifidis; margaritâ argenteâ et iridescente.

Hab.—Buenos Ayres, South America. M. D'Orbigny.

UNIO PATELLOIDES.—Testà lævi, subrotundâ, subcompressâ, subæquilaterali, anticè et posticè rotundatà; valvulis subcrassis, anticè crassioribus; natibus prominulis, ad apices divaricatè undulatis; epidermide tenebroso-castaneâ, striatâ, eradiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus longis, compressis, obliquis, crenulatis corrugatisque; lateralibus longis, crenulatis curvisque; margaritâ argenteâ et iridescente.

Hab.—Awazon River, Brazil. Captain George Brown. Rio Plata. H. Cuming.

Androna Amazonensis.—Testâ lævi, transversâ, subinflatâ, valdê inæquilaterali, posticê subbiangulatâ, anticê rotundâ; valvulis subcrassis; natibus subelevatis, tumidis; epidermide micante, tenebroso-viridi, nigricante, vel eradiatâ vel obsoleté radiatâ; margaritâ intus subroseâ et valdê iridescente.

Hab .- Upper Amazon, Brazil. C. M. Wheatley.

Andronta Moricandi.—Testă lævi, oblique quadrată, subinflată, ad latere planulată, valde inæquilaterali, postice obtuse angulată et hiante; antice oblique rotundată et valde hiante; valvulis tenuibus, diaphinis; natibus sub-prominentibus; epidermide luteo-olivă, polită, obsolete radiată, margarită cæruleo-albă et valde iridescente.

Hab .- Bahia, Brazil. S. Moricand, Geneva.

[Communicated March 20th, 1860.]

Mr. Lea read extracts from letters of Dr. Lewis, of Mohawk, New York, on the subject of the coloring matter of the nacre of the genus *Unio*, and exhibited some fine specimens to illustrate the subject. The following extracts will fully convey Dr. Lewis's ideas on this subject which has much interest with the naturalist.

"I hinted something about Uniones being colored with an oxide or salt of gold. My reasons for this are derived from observing some singular phenomena in colors on submitting shells to the action of chloride of gold, and then bringing them in contact with tin. Whether a stannate of gold formed and precipitated on the shells or not, I cannot say, but the colors were very much intensified. It is to be remarked that the colors of such shells as Unio complanatus and of U. ligamentinus, when colored, are such as result from the presence of gold in a state of atomic division and dissemination in a semi-opake body. I think nitro-muriatic acid with a minute trace of gold in it, if applied to shells, will produce colors, but I never have satisfactorily demonstrated this. My observations are derived from having once used acid in which was a small quantity of gold, too small to be reclaimed."

"I notice that colors are most brilliant in regions where gold may be suspected. In the Lake regions of the Western States, minerals are abundant, and the conditions are not incompatible with the supposition that gold is sparingly disseminated among them, in quantities too small perhaps to be available, but no doubt it is there."

"As regards colors in the nacre of Uniones, you are correct in saying that Uniones are colored where there is no gold. But there are some species that are not colored unless you find them in some particular localities. If that is taken into consideration we shall, perhaps, be more ready to accept the gold theory. Modern investigations show that gold exists in soils that, until they were rigidly tested, were not suspected to contain it. In fact I am disposed to believe that gold is more universally disseminated than is generally supposed."

"But, the question is one I take no particular interest in, except that it presents itself incidentally. I know one fact that you also know. That of two streams producing identically the same species, one will give a large proportion of white nacres, and the other will present colored nacres, and usually we also notice another phenomenon—a greater brilliancy of nacre where rich colors abound. In this case I have my private opinion that gold produces its peculiar tonic effect, for tonic it is under certain circumstances by increasing the secretions."

To have gold in a shell, it is not necessary it should be an oxide. It is only necessary it should have been received into the circulation of the animal, in solution as chlorade, or some other possible soluble form that chemistry has not brought to light; and when once in the circulation it may be eliminated by being deprived of its solving principle and excreted or secreted with the other solid matter that enters into the formation of the shell. The stannate of gold, or purple of Cassius, may be wholly deprived of the tin associated with it, yet retain its purple color, and its condition of atomic division, if so you are pleased to call it. But I only offer this as suggestive of something for those interested to follow further. I am not enough of a chemist to develop any facts out of a suspicion of this kind."

Mr Lea remarked, after reading the above extracts, that the purple, pink and theon color of many of our American Unionide had had his attention from the period of his first studying this beautiful and interesting family, more than thirty wears since. Without having experimented himself upon them, he was aware that no chemist had been able to detect the presence of a metal or other elementary body. He therefore thought it likely to be caused by the presence of some organic body which had not yet been detected; such is supposed by ..emists to be the case with the colored fluates of lime, colored quartz. &c. What Dr. Lewis states as regards the colors being more frequent and more inense in the waters of Michigan and in the streams leading into the northern great lakes from the southern side, is very true. The Unio rectus is usually white in the Ohio, though sometimes tinted with purple and salmon color, while a the more northern waters it is usually of a fine rich purple or salmon. Two specimens from the upper Mississippi, brought by Dr. Cooper, were exhibited by Mr. Lea, which were of exquisite purple and salmon. The Unio ligamentinus has probably never been found pink or purple in the Ohio, while at Grand Rapids. Michigan, those with a fine pink and salmon color are very common. The Margaritana margaritifera of Columbia river and its tributaries has a fine purple nacre in almost all the specimens, rarely white, while those in the rivers of Pennsylvania, Connecticut and Massachusetts are almost universally white, as those from the northern part of Europe are also.

Or. Draper had informed Mr. Lea that he had calcined some of these purple shells, but that they had burned white and he had not detected any metallic subtance in their composition. The subject was certainly one well worth the pursuit, as no doubt could remain that the color was derived from some foreign subtance entering into the composition of some individuals, while others were free from it. It was not an uncommon case to find the dorsal portion of the master to be pink or purple while the other portions were white, and this was

also sometimes the case with the cavity of the beaks. Mr. Lea did not believe the color arose, as some persons supposed, from the structure of the surface of the nacre dividing the rays of light by thin laminations. This division of color was exhibited in almost every species, and is what naturalists call the "pearly hue," oftentimes of great beauty, but quite a different matter from the pink, purple and salmon color of the mass of the carbonate of lime composing the substance of the valves.

Descriptions of Four New Species of MELANIDÆ of the United States.

BY ISAAC LEA.

(Read March 20th, 1860.)

Schizochilus Showalterii.—Testâ transverse costată, subcylindraceâ, crassâ, castaneâ, minutê striatâ; spirâ elevatâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus subplanulatis; fissurâ submagnâ, profundâ; aperturâ subparvâ, ellipticâ, intus vittatâ; columellâ subcrassâ; labro paulisper crenulato.

Hab .- Coosa river, Uniontown, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Anculosa Showalterii.—Testâ valdè costatâ, suborbiculari, crassâ, tenebrosofuscâ, nigricante, exilissimè striatâ; spirâ brevissimâ; suturis valdè impressis; anfractibus inflatis, septenis transversis costis indutis; aperturâ magnâ, subrotundâ, supernè subangulatâ, internè tenebroso-vittatâ; columellâ crassâ, planulatâ, tenebroso-fuscâ; labro valdè extenso et valdè crenulato.

Hab.-Coosa river, Uniontown, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA CRENATELIA.—Testâ transversè striatâ, turrito-subulatâ, subcostatá, paulisper plicatâ, subtenui, tenebroso-fuscâ, nigricante; spirâ elevatâ, ad apices crebrè plicatâ; suturis valdè impressis; anfractibus septenis, planulatis, transversis costis indutis; aperturâ parvâ, ellipticâ, intus vittatâ; columellá albidâ, incurvatâ; labro subcontracto et valdè crenulato.

Hab .- Coosa river, Uniontown, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA NEWBERRYI.—Testâ lævi, ovato-conicâ, subtenui, tenebroso-fuscâ, trivittatâ, infernè suturis luteâ; spirâ subelevatâ; suturis valdè impressis; anfractibus senis, inflatis; aperturâ parviusculâ, ovato-rotundatâ, intus albidâ et vittatâ; columellâ albidâ, incurvatà; labro inflato.

Hab.—Upper des Chutes river, Oregon Territory. J. S. Newberry, M. D.

Descriptions of Five New Species of UNIONES from North Alabama

BY ISAAC LEA.

[Read March 20th, 1860.]

UNIO PUDICUS.—Testâ lævi, subtrigonâ, compressâ, inæquilaterali, posticè obtusè angulatâ, anticè rotundâ; valvulis subcrassis, anticè crassioribus; natibus prominulis, ad apices rugoso-undulatis; epidermide luteo-fuscâ, micante, virido-radiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus crassiusculis, erectis, compressis crenulatisque; lateralibus subcurtis, crassis subcurvisque; margaritâ albâ et iridescente.

Hab.—North Alabama, Prof. Tuomey; and Florence, Alabama, L. B. Thornton, Esq.

UNIO CAMELOPARDILIS.—Testă lævi, oblongă, subinflată, inæquilaterali, postice obtuse biangulată, antice regulariter rotundată; valvulis subtenuibus, antice crassioribus; natibus prominulis, ad apices rugoso-undulatis; epidermide luteă, politâ, undique virido-maculată; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, erectis, compresso-pyramidatis crenulatisque; lateralibus longis, lamellatis subrectisque; margaritâ luteo-albă et valde iridescente.

Hab .- North Alabama, Prof. Tuomey.

UNIO FUCATUS.—Testâ lævi, ellipticâ, subinflatâ, valdè inæquilaterali, posticè subbiangulatâ, anticè rotundatâ; valvulis tenuibus, anticè paulisper crassioribus; natibus prominulis, ad apices undulatis; epidermide olivo-luteâ, micante. undiquè virido-maculatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, compresso-conicis, crenulatis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus longis, lamellatis subcurvisque; margaritâ vel cæruleâ vel luteo-albâ et valdé iridescente.

Hab.-North Alabama, Prof. Tuomey. Tuscumbia, L. B. Thornton, Esq.

UNIO DISCREPANS.—Testâ lævi, elliptică, subinflată, ad latere subplanulată. valde inæquilaterali, postice obtuse biangulată, antice rotundată; valvulis subtenuibus, antice crassioribus; natibus prominulis; epidermide luteo-olivă, micante, radiată; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, compresso-conicis crenulatisque; lateralibus longis, lamellatis subcurvisque; margarită vel albâ vel purpurea et valde iridescente.

Hab.-North Alabama, Prof. Tuomey.

Unto Planicostatus.—Testâ lævi, elliptică, compressă, ad latere subplanulată, ralde inæquilaterali, postice obtuse biangulată; antice rotundată; valvulis tenuibus, diaphanis, antice paulisper crassioribus; natibus prominulis, ad apices undulatis; epidermide olivaceâ, undique radiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, conicis, crenulatis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus longis lamellatis subcurvisque; margaritâ vel cæruleo-albâ vel purpurascente et valde iridescente.

Hab.-Tuscumbia, Alabama, L. B. Thornton, Esq.

Unio scitulus.—Testâ lævi, elliptică, inflatâ, valdê inæquilaterali, postice obtuse biangulatâ, antice rotundatâ; valvulis subtenuibus, antice crassioribus; natibus prominentibus, ad apices undulatis; epidermide luteã, undique viridoradiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, erectis, acuminatis, crenulatis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus longis, lamellatis subrectisque; margaritâ albâ et valde iridescente.

Hab.-Tuscumbia, Alabama, L. B. Thornton, Esq.

[Communicated April 10th, 1860.]

Mr. Lea remarked that he had recently received from Prof. J. Wyman specimens in alcohol of two species of Anodonta from the Uruguay River, South America, descriptions of the soft parts of which he had made, and intended, at a future time, to publish in the Journal at length; but he wished at present to mention that he had found a form of Palpi (mouth lips) different from any of the Unionidæ which had come under his notice from any other part of the world. The form of the Palpi heretofore described have always been obliquely or transversely elliptical or subtriangular, while these two species, An. Wymanii, Lea, and An. lato-marginata, Lea, are round, and the pair on either side only joined above, the edges being entirely free. It is greatly to be regretted that more or all the South American Unionidæ could not have been examined, as regards their soft parts, to ascertain if this difference of form of the Palpi should be persistently different in all the South American Unionidæ, or only with this member of the family—the Anodontæ.

[Communicated May 8th, 1860.]

Mr. Lea mentioned that he had recently received a letter from Dr. Showalter of Uniontown, Alabama, in which he mentions that specimens of Physa (gyrina) Say, which he sent on, were obtained in an open neglected cistern, and in a trough of water supplied by an Artesian well ten miles from the town. Dr. S. expressed his surprise that these Physæ should find their homes so soon at these Artesian wells. There are no streams or pools near to these wells, but in a few years after they are bored and water supplied, these shells may with certainty be found. Mr. Lea went on to mention that he had nearly 30 years ago found an undescribed species of Lymnæa, accompained by Physa heterostropha, Say, in a small artificial pond on the high grounds near to the Falls of Schuylkill, about four miles north of Market Street, now within the limits of this City. He published an account of it in April 1834, in the Trans. Am. Phil. Soc. under the name of acuta. The pond was small and dug out for 11 to 2 feet deep. simply for the supply of rain water for cattle. Afterwards it dried up and the shells were no longer to be obtained there. He never found this Lymnac in, any other habitat; but many years subsequently, Dr. Ingalls, of Greenwich, N. Y., near to Lake Champlain, sent him several specimens of what he regarded as a new Lymnæa, but which was at once recognised as the acuta, heretofore found only in the one habitat near the Falls of Schuylkill. In the minds of some zoologists a difficulty exists as to existence of species in such constricted, isolated points as mentioned above, but that difficulty in Mr. Lea's mind was lone away with under the belief that very young molluscs may be transported on the feet of birds from distant points, or on those of cattle going to drink from one place to another. The idea of spontaneous generation could not of nourse be for one moment admitted.

[Communicated May 22d, 1860.]

Mr. Lea called the attention of the members to two very remarkable specimens of Echinus, perforating rocks, which he had recently received from Mr. Cailliand, of Nantes, the Egyptian traveller. He also exhibited a specimen of Sandstone from Payta in Peru, which contained Petricola, Lithophagus, &c. He reminded the members that he had presented to the Academy a very remarkable specimen, which he had received about two years since from Mr. Cailliaud. being a mass of gneiss which had been perforated by Pholades. When Mr. Cailliaud, who had advocated, contrary to the opinion of most naturalists, the theory that some of the Molluscs bored the rocks by friction and not by decomposition, found that gneiss and granite and other silicious rocks were penetrated by them, he entirely settled that question, for there are no acids known which will decompose silex. Mr. Lea remarked that the two specimens now on the table were still more remarkable. The smaller one consisted of two specimens of Ethinus lividus, Lam., which had buried themselves in the solid granite, one of them having made a circular hole 11 inch deep, and 2 inches wide. This specimen came from the granite coast of the Loire-Inférieure The second specimen consisted of quite a congress of individuals of the same -pecies, imbedded in a solid mass of hard Silurian Sandstone, from the Bay of Douarnenez, in the Department of Finistère. In this beautiful specimen there are five individuals nestled in their circular holes, worked out in this hard stone by the attrition of their teeth, and there are three holes vacated. The specimen is 5 inches by 61, and there being eight holes in all, their circumferences nearly impinge on each other. Mr. Cailliaud is entirely satisfied that the boring is purely mechanical, that the five teeth are the instruments of exploitation, and that it is by the percussion of their points on the rocks that these holes are effected. The teeth are in form like the rodents, and constantly increase as worn at the outer extremity. He made a hole five millimetres deep and forty in circumference with a bundle of the teeth in an hour. One of the colonies which he examined was in a bay, and contained about two thousand holes, each one filled, and at low water they were but a short distance below the surface. Some of the specimens were not larger than a pea, and probably only five days old. The holes were not all made by the present occupants, most of them probably being very old and having successive inhabitants. Mr. Cailliaud mentioned in his letter to Mr. Lea that he shortly expected to receive from Guadaloupe an oval Echinus which had made its oval hole in the mass of Madreporite.

Descriptions of Fourteen new species of Schizostomæ, Anculosæ and Lithasiæ.

BY ISAAC LEA.

[Read May 22d, 1860.]

It will be observed that I have in this paper adopted my first name (Schwastoma) for the division of those Melanida which have a cut or fissure in the upper portion of the last whorl. This name I proposed in December, 1842. Subsequently finding that it was used by Bronn in 1835 I abandoned it, and proposed the name of Schizochilus as a substitute, (Obs. on the Genus Unio. v. 5, p. 51, 1852.) I am now satisfied that Bronn's name was applied to the same genus—Euomphalus—which Sowerby established in 1814, (Min. Conch. tab. 45.) This evidently liberates my original name, and Herrmannsen, in the Appendix to his "Generum Malacozorum," very properly restores it. It was supposed that this was the Melatoma of Swainson, and Mr. Anthony adopted this name. But it is evident that Mr. Swainson's Melatoma is not my Schizostoma. By reference to his figure (Malacology, p. 342, f. 104) it will be observed at once that there has never been observed in the United States any of the group of which that figure is the type, while it is known that they exist in the islands of the Indian Ocean. Mr. Swainson says (p. 202) that his Melatoma was "founded ipon a remarkable Ohio shell " sent by Rafinesque. Now, as no member of the family Melanidæ with a cut in the lip has ever been found in the Ohio, where such hosts of active collectors have since pursued their investigations, it is perhaps beyond the bounds of possibility that the specimen sent by Rafinesque so eminently careless and reckless as he always was, should ever have been found there. Indeed, if the specimen figured was sent by Mr. Rafinesque to Mr. Swainson, then the question would arise whether it had not been obtained by Mr. R. from some dealer or collector, who may have obtained it from Asia. I have no doubt of the Melatoma costata, which Mr. Swainson has figured. being exotic, and belonging to a group probably from the Philippine Islands. Mr. Anthony says, page 64, Proc. A. N. S. 1860, that "it may be doubted whether Mr. Lea's first name will not eventually prevail, since, before he pub-Lished Schizostoma, Bronn's genus of the same name had been called a synonym of Bifrontia, Desh." And that "H. and A. Adams (Gen. Rec. Moll. 1, 105) do not appear correct in giving preference to Gyrotoma over Schizostoma, Lea," &c. Notwithstanding this, Mr. Anthony in this paper, where he describes nine supposed new species of this genus, adopts the generic name of Gyrotoma. It may be added here that Dr. Grav, in his Genera of Recent Mollusca, gives Melatomo to Mr. Anthony, not to Swainson, while he does not notice the name of Schizostoma. Mr. A. does not pretend to claim it, of course, but adopts Gyrotoma, Mr. Shuttleworth's name, proposed in 1845, which being three years later cannot have precedence.

The genus Schizostoma seems to be capable of being divided into two natural groups in the form of the fissura, the cut in the lip. In one group this fissura is deep and direct, that is parallel with the suture or upper edge of the whorl; in the other it is not deep and is oblique to the suture.

In Mr. Anthony's paper (Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Feb., 1860) I recognize several of my old species. His Gyrotoma demissa I believe to be my Schizostoma constricta. His G. quadrata to be my S. incisa.

Schizostoma castanea.—Testâ carinatâ, conicâ, subcrassâ, tenebroso-fuscâ. imperforatâ; spirâ elevatâ; suturis valdê impressis; anfractibus senis, planulatis, unicarinatis, quadrivittatis; fissurâ rectâ, angustâ profundâque; aperturâ parviusculâ, ellipticâ, intus vittatâ, ad basim subrotundatâ; columellâ albâ, incrassatâ; labro acuto, vix sinuato.

Hab .- Coosa River, Alab. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Schizostoma glans.—Testâ lævi, ovato-conică, inflatâ, subcrassâ, luteo-corneâ, striatâ, imperforatâ; spirâ obtusè elevatâ; suturis regulariter impressis: anfractibus senis, obsoletè vittatis, ultimo subgrandi; fissurâ rectâ, angustâ profundâque; aperturâ parviusculâ, ellipticâ, intus albidâ, æd basim obtusè angulatâ; columellâ albidâ, supernè incrassatâ; labro-acuto, subsinuato.

Hab.-Coosa River, Alab. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Schizostoma globosa.—Testă transverse striată, globosă, subtenui, luteola. imperforată; spirâ curtâ, obtuse conoideă; suturis impressis; anfractibus quaternis, trivittatis, ultimo grandi; fissurâ rectâ, angustâ brevique; apertură subgrandi, elliptică, intus vittatâ, ad basim angulată; columellâ albă, incurvată; labro acuto, expanso.

Hab .- Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Schizostoma virens.—Testâ subnodulosâ, curtâ, inflatâ, subcrassă, tenebrosoviridi, exilissime striatâ, imperforatâ; spirâ obtusâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus subplanulatis et trivittatis; fissurâ obliquâ brevique; aperturâ elongatâ. subpyriformi, intus tenebroso-vittatâ; columellâ superne purpuratâ et incrassatâ; labro acuto, sinuato.

Hab.—Coosa River, Alab. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Schizostoma glandula.—Testâ lævi, curtâ, inflatâ, subcrassâ, luteo-corneâ. exilissimè striatâ, imperforatâ: spirâ obtusâ; suturis valdê impressis; anfrac-

tibus senis, vittatis, ultimo magno et tumido; fissurâ obliquâ brevique; aperturâ subgrandi, ellipticâ, intus albidâ; columellâ albidâ, supernê incrassatâ; labro acuto, subsinuato.

Hab .- Coosa River, Alab. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

SCHIZOSTOMA WETUMPKAENSIS.—Testâ striată, ovato-cylindraceâ, crassâ, pallido-fuscâ, perforatâ; spirá obtusâ, conoideâ; suturis valdê impressis; anfractibus senis, vittatis, planulatis, ultimo grandi; fissurâ obliquâ brevique; aperturâ grandi, ovatâ, intus vittatâ, ad basim obtusê angulatâ; columellâ albâ, superne incrassatâ; labro acuto, sinuato.

Hab.-Coosa River, at Wetumpka, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Schizostoma Alabamensis.—Testâ striată, elliptică, robustă, luteo-olivaceă, imperforată, spiră obtuso-conoideâ; suturis valdè impressis; anfractibus senis, vittatis, subinflatis, ultimo pergrandi; fissurâ obliquâ subbrevique; apertură subgrandi, ovatâ, intus vittatâ, ad basim rotundatâ; columellâ albâ, infernè et supernè paulisper incrassatâ; labro acuto, sinuato.

Hab .- Alabama. B. W. Budd, M. D., and E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Schizostoma Hartmanii.—Testâ lævi, subcylindraceâ, crassâ, luteo-corneâ, imperforatâ; spirâ elevatâ; suturis valdê impressis; anfractibus planulatis, ultimo subgrandi; fissurâ rectâ subbrevique; aperturâ parviusculâ, ovatâ, intus albâ, ad basim obtusê angulatâ; columellâ albâ, incurvâ, infernê paulisper incrassatâ; labro acuto, sinuato.

Hab.—Coosa River, Alab. W. D. Hartman, M. D.

Schizostoma pumila.—Testā striatā, turbonatā, subtenui, pallido-corneā. imperforatā; spirā valdē obtusā; suturis valdē impressis; anfractibus senis, ventricosis, ultimo permagno; fissurā rectā subbrevique; aperturā parviusculā, ovatā, intus albā, ad basim angulatā et subcanaliculatā; columellā albā, contortā, infernē incrassatā; labro acuto, sinuato.

Hab .- Alabama. B. W. Budd, M. D.

Anculosa formosa.—Testâ lævi, globosâ, subtenui, diaphanâ, vel luteolâ vel crocatâ, valdè vittatâ et maculatâ; spirâ depressâ vix conspicuâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus ternis, ultimo magno et valdè ventricoso; aperturâ grandi, subrotundâ, intus pallido-crocatâ et tenebroso-vittatâ; columellâ infernê et supernê incrassatâ et pallido-purpuratâ; labro acuto et valdè expanso

Hab .- Coosa River, Shelby Co., Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Anculosa contorta.—Testâ lævi, globoso-ovoidea, crassa, luteo-cornea; spira elevata; suturis valde impressis; anfractibus inflatis, obsolete transverse

striatis; apertură parvă, subrotundă, contractă, intus luteo-albă; columellă incrassată; labro acuto, expanso.

Hab.—Coosa River, at Watumpka, Alab. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Anculosa vittata.—Testâ lævi, subglobosâ, crassâ, luteolâ, valde vittată; spirâ obtusâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus quarternis, inflatis, ultimo magno et ventricoso; aperturâ rotundâ, in faucibus valdê constrictâ, intus vittată; columellâ valdê incrassatâ, planulatâ, purpuratâ; labro acuto, expanso.

Hab.—Coosa River, at Watumpka, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

LITHASIA Showalteril.—Testâ lævi, ovato-cylindracea, subcrassa, luteo-cornea, vittata; spira obtusè conoidea; suturis valdè impressis, anfractibus senis, ultimo magno et planulato: apertura grandi, subovata, elongata, intus albida, tenebroso-vittata, ad basim obtusè angulata; columella infernè et superne incrassata, incurva; labro acuto et subconstricto.

Hab.-Coosa River, at Watumpka, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

LITHASIA NUCLEA.—Testâ lævi, ellipticâ, luteo-olivâ, crassâ, solidâ, trivittatâ; spirâ obtusê conoideâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus quinis, ultimo magno et paulisper inflato; aperturâ parviusculâ, ovato-rotundâ, intus albidâ, trivittatá, ad basim recurvatâ; columellâ infernê et supernê incrassatâ, incurvâ; labro acuto.

Hab.--Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Descriptions of Two New Species of UNIONES from Georgia.

BY ISAAC LEA.

[Read July 3d, 1860.]

UNIO LINGUÆFORMIS.—Testâ lævi, ellipticâ, compressă, ad latere planulatâ, inæquilaterali, postice obtuse biangulatâ, antice rotundatâ, valvulis subtenuibus, antice crassioribus; natibus prominulis; epidermide pallido-luteâ, subnitidâ, viridi-radiatâ, dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, obtuso-conicis, crenulatis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus sublongis, lamellatis subcurvisque; margaritâ albâ et valde iridescente.

Hab .- Columbus, Georgia.

UNIO DISPAR.—Testă lævi, elliptică, subinflată, ad latere paulisper planulată, valde inæquilaterali, postice obtuse angulată, antice rotundată; valvulis subcrassis: natibus prominulis, ad apices undulatis; epidermide vel luteă vel olivă et valde radiată; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, compressis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus, erectis, crenulatis; lateralibus longis, lamellatis curvisque, margarită albă et iridescente.

Hab.—Columbus, Georgia, Bishop Elliott and G. Hallenbeck.

Descriptions of Three New Species of UNIONES from Mexico.

BY ISAAC LEA.

[Read July 3d, 1860.]

Unio Couchianus.—Testâ lævi, quadratâ, inflatâ, biemarginatâ, ad laterê sulcatâ, inæquilaterali, posticê biangulatâ, anticê rotundâ; valvulis crassis, anticê crasssioribus; natibus prominentibus; epidermide olivo-fuscâ, striatâ, eradiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus subgrandibus, erectis, rugoso-striatis, crenulatis; lateralibus sublongis, crassis curvisque; margaritâ argenteâ et valdê iridescente.

Hab.-Rio Salado, New Leon, Mexico, L. Berlandier, M. D.

Unio Saladoensis.—Testâ lævi, obovatâ, inflatâ, inæquilaterali, postice et antice rotundatâ; valvulis subtenuibus, antice paulisper crassioribus; natibus prominulis. lævibus; epidermide luteo-olivâ, politâ radiatâque; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, lamellatis, obliquis; lateralibus sublongis, lamellatis subcurvisque; margaritâ cæruleo-albâ et iridescente.

Hab.-Rio Salado, New Leon, Mexico, L. Berlandier, M. D.

UNIO COGNATUS.—Testà lævi, elliptica, crassa, subinflata, valdè inæquilaterali, posticè obtusè angulata, anticè rotundata; valvulis crassis, anticè crassioribus; natibus subprominentibus; epidermide luteola radiataque; dentibus cardinalibus grandibus, crassis, pyramidatis, rugoso-striatis; lateralibus subcurtis, subcurvis crassisque; margarità alba et valdè iridescente.

Hab.-Rio Salado, New Leon, Mexico, L. Berlandier, M. D.

Descriptions of Seven New Species of UNIONIDÆ from the United States.

BY ISAAC LEA.

[Read July 3d, 1860.]

Unto Leslevi.—Testâ lævi, obliquâ, subcompressâ, ad laterê planulatâ, valdê inæquilaterali, posticê angulatâ, anticê rotundâ; valvulis crassis, anticê crassioribus; natibus subelevatis; epidermide luteolâ, radiis interruptis; dentibus cardinalibus crassis, compresso-conicis, obliquis; lateralibus longis, crassis subcurvisque; margaritâ albâ et iridescente.

Hab.-Kentucky, Mr. Joseph Lesley. Tennessee, Mr. J. G. Anthony.

Unio castus.—Testâ lævi, inflatâ, inæquilaterali, posticè angulatâ, anticè rotundà, valvulis crassiusculis, anticè crassioribus; natibus subprominentibus; epidermide micante, luteo-viridi, radiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus subgrandibus, compresso-conicis, striatis crenulatisque; lateralibus subbrevibus, rectis, lamellatis striatisque; margaritâ albâ et iridescente.

Hab .- South Carolina, Prof. Tuomey.

UNIO LINDSLEYI.—Testâ lævi, ellipticâ, compressâ, ad laterè planulatâ, valdè inæquilaterali, posticè subbiangulatâ, anticè obliquè rotundatâ; valvulis subcrassis, anticè crassioribus; natibus prominulis; epidermide vel luteâ vel luteo-olivâ, micante, undique virido-maculatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, compresso-conicis crenulatisque; lateralibus longis, crassis curvisque; margaritâ albâ et iridescente.

Hab .- Tennessee, President J. B. Lindsley.

Unio perpictus.—Testă lævi, elliptică, subinflată, valde inæquilaterali, postice obtuse biangulată, antice rotundată; valvulis tenuibus, diaphanis, antice crassioribus; natibus prominulis, ad apices undulatis; epidermide luteo-olivă, subnitidă, undique virido-radiată; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, erectis, conicis, crenulatis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus longis, lamellatis rectisque; margarită cæruleo-albă et valde iridescente.

Hab.—Bull River, Tennessee, President Estabrook, and Holston River, Prof. Troost. UNIO EIGHTSH.—Testà plicata, quadrata, subcompressa, maxime undulata usque ad natium apices, valde inæquilaterali; valvulis crassissimis, antice crassioribus; natibus elevatis, compressis, ad apices rugoso-undulatis; epidermide tenebroso-fusca, eradiata, striata; dentibus cardinalibus magnis, crassis et valde striatis; lateralibus longis, crassis, lamellatis subcurvisque; margarita alba et valde iridescente.

Hab .- Texas and Sabinas River, New Leon, Mexico, James Eights, M. D.

Unio Quadrans.—Testâ lævi, quadratâ, valdè ventricosâ, subæquilaterali. postice obtuse angulatâ, antice subtruncatâ; valvulis crassis, antice paulisper crassioribus; natibus elevatis, tumidis; epidermide tenebroso-fuscâ, eradiatâ. transverse striatâ; dentibus cardinalibus magnis, valde compressis, striatis crenulatisque; lateralibus longis, crassis curvisque; margarità albâ et iridescente.

Hab .- Texas, Mr. C. M. Wheatley.

Anodonta Kennerlyi.—Testâ lævi, ellipticâ, subcylindraceâ, subventricosá. valdê inæquilaterali, anticê subtruncatâ, posticê biangulatâ; valvulis tenuissimis, diaphanis; natibus vix prominentibus, ad apices exilissime undulatis: epidermide luteo-olivâ, micante, ad margine striatâ, eradiatâ: margaritâ cæruleo-albâ et valdê iridescente.

Hab.—Chiloweyuch Depot, near Puget's Sound, Washington Territory, C. B. Kennerly, M. D.

Descriptions of Six New Species of UNIONIDÆ from Alabama.

BY ISAAC LEA.

[Read July 3d, 1860.]

UNIO SHOWALTERII.—Testâ lævi, subrotundâ, crassâ, sublenticulari, æquilaterali; valvulis crassis, anticè crassioribus; natibus elevatis, tumidis; epidermide tenebroso-fuscâ, eradiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus crassis, erectis, compressis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus brevibus, percrassis corrugatisque; margaritâ argenteâ et valdè iridescente.

Hab.—Coosa River, Watumpka, Alab., E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Unto Hartmanianus.—Testâ lævi, oblique triangulari, crassa, tumida, postice subbiangulari, inæquilaterali; valvulis percrassis, antice crassioribus; natibus valde elevatis, crassis; epidermide tenebroso-fusca, postice luteola, eradiata; dentibus cardinalibus subgrandibus, erectis, compressis, corrugatis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus brevibus, percrassis, obliquis corrugatisque; margarita argentea et iridescente.

Hab.—Coosa River, Watumpka, Alab., E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Unio polosus.—Testá lævi, obovatá, subalatá, subcompressá, ad lateré planulatá, posticé et antice rotundatá, valdé inæquilaterali; valvulis subtenuibus: natibus prominulis, ad apices minuté undulatis; epidermide virido-olivá et obsoleté radiatá; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, compressis crenulatisque: lateralibus longis, lamellatis subcurvisque; margaritá albidá et purpureá, paulisper tinctá et valdé iridescente.

Hab.—Alabama River, Claiborne, Alab., Judge Tait. Coosa River, E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Unio parvulus.—Testà plicatà, transversa, subinflata, ad laterè compressa, posticè obtusè angulatà, valdè inæquilaterali; valvulis tenuibus, anticè paulisper crassioribus; natibus prominulis; epidermidè olivacea, subvirido-maculata; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, compressis, crenulatis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus longis subrectisque; margarità cærulea et iridescente Hab.—Coosa River, Alab., E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Unio plancus.—Testâ lævi, obliquo-ovatâ, subcompressâ, posticè biangulatâ anticè rotundatâ, valdè inæquilaterali; valvulis crassiusculis, anticè paulisper crassioribus; natibus prominulis; epidermide luteo-fuscâ, radiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, erectis, crenulatis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus sublongis subrectisque; margaritâ cæruleo-albâ et valdè iridescente.

Hab. - Coosa River, at Watumpka, Alab., E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Anodonta Showalterii. — Testâ lævi, ellipticâ, ventricosâ, posticè obtusè angulatâ, anticè rotundatâ, subæquilaterali; valvulis crassiusculis, anticè paulisper crassioribus; natibus subprominentibus, ad apices minutè undulatis; epidermide tenebroso-fuscâ, obsoletè radiatâ; margaritâ vel albâ vel paulisper salmonis colore tinctâ et iridescente.

Hab .- Coosa River, Watumpka, Alab., E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Descriptions of Three New Species of Exotic UNIONIDÆ.

BY ISAAC LEA.

[Read July 3d, 1860.]

UNIO OCCATUS.— Testâ plicată, ellipticâ, rugoso-occatâ, compressă, valdè inæquilaterali, posticè biangulatâ, anticè regulariter rotundatâ; natibus prominulis, valdè compressis, ad apices plicis pulchris divaricatis; epidermide luteo-olivâ et valdè rugosâ; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, compressis, obliquis: lateralibus sublongis subcurvisque; margaritâ albâ-et valdè iridiscente.

Hab .- Bengal, W. A. Haines.

Anodonta Cailliaudii.-Testâ lævi, rotundâ, ventricosâ, inæquilaterali, an-

ticè supernè angulatà; valvulis crassis, anticé paulisper crassioribus; natibus elevatis, tumidis, incurvis; epidermide nigro-fuscà, obsoletè radiatà, superné micante, infernè exilissimè striatà; margarità argenteà et valdè iridescente.

Hab .- Brazil, Monr. F. Cailliaud.

Mrcetopus emarginatus.—Testâ lævi, transversissimè, compressâ, emarginată, ad latere planulatâ, anticè inflatâ, postice ampliatâ et compressâ; valvulis pertenuibus, diaphinis, natibus parvis, prominulis; epidermide luteo-corneâ. valde striatâ, nitidă, eraditâ; margaritâ cæruleo-albâ et valde iridescente.

Hab .- Siam, S. R. House, M. D.

Descriptions of Twenty-five New Species of UNIONIDÆ from Georgia. Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee and Florida.

BY ISAAC LEA.

(Read February 5th, 1861.)

UNO FABACEUS.—Testâ lævi, oblongâ, subquadratâ, subinflatâ, posticè subbiangulatâ, subæquilaterali; valvulis crassiusculis, anticè crassioribus: natibus prominulis; epidermide tenebroso-fuscâ, micante, obsoletè radiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, erectis, acuminatis, crenulatis; lateralibus curtis, lamellatis subcurvisque: margaritâ purpurascente, salmonis colore tinctà et valdè iridescente.

Hab .- Oostanaula River, Georgia. Bishop Elliott.

Unio irrascis.—Testà lævi, rotundo-trigonû, inflatâ, posticè obtusè angulată anticè rotundâ; valvulis subcrassis, anticè crassioribus; natibus subelevatis. crassis; epidermide luteo-fuscâ, vel obsoletè radiatâ vel eradiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus crassis, elevatis, subcompressis crenulatisque; lateralibus curtis. crassis, obliquis rectisque; margaritâ argenteâ et iridescente.

Hab .- Etowah River, Georgia. Rev. G. White.

Unio Ocmulgaensis.—Testa lævi, transversa, inflata, postice obtuse biangulata, antice subtruncata, valde inæquilaterali: valvulis crassis, antice crassioribus; natibus prominulis; epidermide tenebroso-fusca, eradiata, superne micante, inferne valde striata; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, pyramidatis striatisque; lateralibus prælongis, lamellatis subrectisque; margarita argentea et iridescente.

Hab .- Little Ocmulgee River, Lumber City, Georgia. S. W. Wilson, M. D.

Unio cicur.—Testà lævi, oblonga, subinflata, ad latere subplanulata, postice rotundata, valde inæquilaterali; valvulis tenuibus, subdiaphanis; natibus subprominentibus, ad apices undulatis; epidermide olivacea, eradiata; dentibus

cardinalibus parvissimis, compressis subrectisque; lateralibus longis, prætenuis. lamellatis subrectisque; margaritâ cæruleâ et valdè iridescente.

Hab .- Little Ocmulgee River, Georgia. S. W. Wilson, M. D.

Unio crapulus.—Testâ lævi, obliquâ, ventricosâ, ad umbones valdê tumidá. valdê inæquilaterali, posticê rotundatâ, anticê truncatâ; valvulis percrassis. anticê crassioribus; natibus valdê prominentibus crassisque; epidermide luteofuscâ, eradiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus percrassis, pyramidatis, corrugatis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus percrassis, corrugatis, obliquis subcurvisque; margaritâ albâ et paulisper iridescente.

Hab .- Etowah River, Georgia. Rev, G. White.

Unio Beadleianus.—Testâ lævi, subrotundâ, ventricosâ, subæquilaterali, antice rotundatâ, postice obtuse angulatâ; valvulis crassis, antice crassioribus. natibus subelevatis, incurvis; epidermide tenebroso-fuscâ, obsolete radiatâ: dentibus cardinalibus magnis, erectis, compressis corrugatisque; lateralibus crassis, curtis corrugatisque; margaritâ vel albâ vel roseâ, et iridescente.

Hab .- Pearl River, Jackson, Mississippi. Rev. E. R. Beadle.

Unio Chickasawhensis.—Testâ lævi, subrotundâ, subcompressà, sublenticulari, inæquilaterali, posticè obtusè angulatâ, anticè rotundâ; valvulis crassiusculis, anticè paulisper crassioribus; natibus prominulis; epidermide tenebrosofuscà, eradiatâ, excillissimè striatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, pyramidatis, corrugatis crenulatisque; lateralibus brevibus, subvalidis subcurvisque; margaritâ rosaceâ et valdè iridescente.

Hab.-Chickasawha River, Mississippi. W. Spillman, M. D.

Unio cinnamomicus.—Testâ lævi, elliptică, inflatâ, ad umbones tumidâ, inæquilaterali, postice angulatâ, antice rotundâ; valvulis subcrassis, antice crassioribus; natibus subprominentibus; epidermide cinnamomicâ, inferne striatâ, eradiatâ, dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, erectis, subcompressis crenulatisque. lateralibus curtis subrectisque; margaritâ albidâ et valde iridescente.

Hab.—Tombigbee River, Columbus, Mississippi. W. Spillman, M. D.

UNIO PAUPERCULUS.—Testà lævi, subrotundà, subcompressà, subequilaterali, posticè subrotundà; anticè rotundà; valvulis subcrassis, anticè crassioribus: natibus prominulis; epidermide luteo-corneà, eradiatà; dentibus cardinalibus magnis, elevatis, decussatis; lateralibus brevissimis, obliquis rectisque; margarità albà et iridescente.

Hab.—Stream near Columbus, Mississippi. W. Spillman, M. D.

Unio Spillmanii,—Testâ lævi, ellipticâ, subinflatâ, inæquilaterali, posticè obtusè angulatâ, anticè rotundatâ; valvulis subcrassis, anticè paulisper crassiori-

bus: natibus prominulis; epidermide tenebroso-fuscâ vel luteo-fuscâ, ad umbones nitidâ, radiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus crassiusculis, obtusê pyramidatis, corrugatis; lateralibus longis, crassis corrugatisque; margaritâ vel albâ vel salmonis colore tinctâ et valdê iridescente.

Hab.-Luxpalila Creek, near Columbus, Mississippi. W. Spillman, M. D.

Unio flavidulus.—Testâ lævi, ellipticâ, subinflatâ, valdè inæquilaterali, posticè obtusè angulatâ, anticè rotundâ; valvulis subtenuibus, anticè crassioribus; natibus prominulis; epidermide vel luteo-fuscâ vel luteo-viridi, eradiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, erectis, compressis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus sublongis, lamellatis subrectisque; margaritâ albâ et iridescente.

Hab.-Stream near Columbus, Mississippi. W. Spillman, M. D.

UNIO ANATICULUS.—Testâ lævi, obliquâ, ad umbones valdê tumidâ, antice truncatâ, postice obtuse angulatâ, valdê inæquilaterali; valvulis crassiusculis, antice crassioribus: natibus elevatis, crassis, incurvis, ferê terminalibus; epidermide castaneâ, vittatâ, obsoletê radiatâ, dentibus cardinalibus subcrassis, subpyramidatis crenulatisque: lateralibus crassis, obliquis subrectisque; margaritâ argenteâ et iridescente.

Hab.—Near Columbus, Mississippi. W. Spillman, M. D.

Unto aubidus.—Testa sulcata, subtriangulari, valdè inflata, ad latere planulata, subæquilaterali, valvulis subcrassis, anticè crassioribus; natibus subprominentibus, subinflatis; epidermide tenebroso-rufo-fusca, eradiata, supernè micante, infernè striata; dentibus cardinalibus crassiusculis, elevatis, subpyramilatis crenulatisque; lateralibus sublongis, curvis subcrassisque; margarita vel rosacea vel alba vel salmonis colore tincta et iridescente.

Hab.—Tombigbee River, Mississippi. W. Spillman, M. D.; Coosa River and Big Prairie Creek, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

l'nio decumbens.—Testà lævi, arcuatà, valdè compressà, ad latere planulatà, inæquilaterali, posticè biangulatà, anticè rotundà; valvulis subtenuibus, anticè et postice paulisper crassioribus; natibus prominulis; epidermide tenebroso-rufo-fuscà, obsoletè radiatà, transversè striatà; dentibus cardinalibus minimis, sub-compressis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus prælongis, arcuatis; margarità purpurascente, et valdè iridescente.

Hab.-Alabama, E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Unio germanus.—Testâ lævi, ellipticâ, subinflatâ, inæquilaterali, posticè subbiangulată, antice rotundâ; valvulis crassiusculis, antice crassioribus; natibus subprominentibus, ad apices concentrice rugoso-undulatis; epidermide tenebroso-fuscâ, eradiatâ, transverse striatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, erectis, compressis, crenulatis, acuminatis; lateralibus tenuibus subcurvisque; margarità purpurascente et valdè iridescente.

Hab .- Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Unio Lewisii.—Testà lævi, subrotundà, suborbiculari, subæquilaterali; valvulis crassissimis, anticè crassioribus; natibus elevatis, tumidis incurvisque: epidermide luteolà, punctatà; dentibus cardinalibus crassissimis, erectis crenulatisque; lateralibus crassissimis, brevibus et obliquis; margarità albà et iridescente.

Hab.-Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

UNIO MEDIUS.—Testâ lævi, obliquâ, valdê inflatâ, valdê inæquilaterali, posticê obtusê angulatâ, anticê obliquê rotundatâ; valvulis crassis, posticé crassioribus; natibus elevatis, tumidis; epidermide fuscâ, maculatâ, infernê striatâ, supernê micante; dentibus cardinalibus crassis, pyramidatis crenulatisque; lateralibus crassis, rectis brevibusque; margaritâ argenteâ et iridescente.

Hab .- Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Unto concolor.—Testâ lævi, obliquè ellipticâ, subinflatâ, inæquilaterali. posticè subbiangulatâ, anticè rotundâ; valvulis subcrassis, anticè crassioribus; natibus subprominentibus; epidermide tenebroso-olivâ, eradiatâ, ad umbones nitidâ, infernè striatâ; dentibus cardinalibus crassiusculis, erectis, obtusè compressis; lateralibus sublongis, obliquis subrectisque; margaritâ albâ et iridescente.

Hab .- Big Prairie Creek, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Unio verus.—Testà lævi, subtriangulari, subcompressa, valdè inæquilaterali, posticè ferè rotunda, anticè rotunda; valvulis crassiusculis, anticè crassioribus; natibus elevatis: epidermide tenebroso-oliva, eradiata, maculata, vittata, ad umbones micante, infernè striata; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, compresso-pyramidatis striatisque; lateralibus, subbrevibus, obliquis subrectisque; margarita alba et iridescente.

Hab. - Cahawba River, Perry Co., Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

UNIO ASPERATUS.—Testà valdè tuberculatà, subrotundà, inflatà, anticè et posticè rotundà, subequilaterali; valvulis crassis, anticè crassioribus; natibus valdè prominentibus; epidermide rufo-luteà, eradiatà; dentibus cardinalibus percrassis, obtuso-conicis, corrugatis; lateralibus brevissimis, valdè obliquis rectisque; margarità argenteà et iridescente.

Hab .- Alabama River, Claiborne, Alabama. Judge Tait.

Unio ornatus.—Testâ lævi, subrotundâ, compressâ, inæquilaterali, posticè subrotundâ, anticè rotundâ; valvulis crassiusculis, anticè crassioribus; nati-

bus subprominentibus, ad apices rugoso-undulatis; epidermide melleâ, viridi maculatâ, supernè nitidâ, infernè striatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, sulcatis; lateralibus brevibus, obliquis rectisque; margaritâ argenteâ et valdè iridescente.

Hab .- Alabama? T. R. Ingalls, M. D.

Unto perpurpureus,—Testà lævi, elliptica, subinflata, inæquilaterali, posticè et anticè rotundata; valvulis subcrassis, anticè crassioribus; natibus prominulis; epidermide tenebroso-viridi, nigricente, radiis capillaris; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, erectis, conicis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus, striatis; lateralibus longis rectisque; margarita valdè purpurea et iridescente.

Hab .- Tennessee. J. G. Anthony.

UNIO ANTHONYI.—Testâ lævi, elliptică, inflată, ad laterê planiusculă, postice obtusê biangulată, postice rotundată, inæquilaterali; valvulis subtenuibus, antice paulisper crassioribus; natibus prominulis; epidermide luteo-olivâ, eradiată; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, obliquis, subcompressis crenulatisque; lateralibus longis, lamellatis subcurvisque; margaritâ cæruleo-albâ et iridescente.

Hab .- Florida. J. G. Anthony.

MARGARITANA QUADRATA.—Testâ lævi, oblongâ, subcompressâ, ad laterè planulatâ, subæquilaterali, posticè obtusè angulatâ, anticè rotundâ; valvulis subtenuibus, anticè paulisper crassioribus; natibus prominulis, ad apices undulatis; epidermide luteolâ, viridi-radiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus subgrandibus, obliquis, compressis, triangularis, erectis subcurvisque; margaritâ albâ, supernè salmonis colore tinctâ, et valdè iridescente.

Hab. - East Tennessee, President Estabrook.

MARGARITANA ALABAMENSIS.—Testâ lævi, oblongâ, inflatâ, ad laterè paulisper planulatâ, inæquilaterali, posticè obtusè biangulatâ, anticè oblique rotundatâ; valvulis subcrassis, anticè paulisper crassioribus; natibus prominulis, ad apices rugoso undulatis; epidermide luteo-olivâ, politâ, eradiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, suberectis; margaritâ albâ et salmoniâ et iridescente.

Hab .- Talladega Creek, Alabama. W. Spillman, M. D.

Description of a new species of NERITINA, from Coosa River, Alabama.

BY ISAAC LEA.

(Read February 12, 1861.)

P. 35-78 Neritina Showalterii.—Testâ lævi, rotundatâ, diaphanâ, luteo-corneâ; spirâ valdê depressâ; suturis leviter impressis; anfractibus trinis, inflatis; aperturâ semirotundâ; labio dilatato, albo, incrassato, edentulo et incurvato; labro dilatato, tenui, margine acuto.

OPERCULUM ----.

Hab.—Coosa River, ten miles above Fort William, Shelby Co., Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Remarks.—The discovery of this shell by Dr. Showalter marks the first notice of the genus Neritina being observed in our fresh waters. His very close observation and active investigation of the waters of central and northern Alabama, have enabled him to lay the naturalists of this country under many obligations by new discoveries, and this is certainly one of much importance. We now see for the first time that this genus, which is common in Europe, Africa, Asia, South America and the West Indies, also inhabits our southern fresh waters. I have great pleasure in naming the species after the discoverer.

This species is not closely allied to any which has come under my notice. It is more rotund than usual, has a clear horn-colored epidermis, smooth and shining; the substance of the shell so thin as to permit the column to be visible through it.

It is to be regretted that among the four specimens sent to me by Dr. Showalter, neither had an operculum. The soft parts of the animal have not yet been observed.

Descriptions of two new species of ANODONTE, from Arctic America.

BY ISAAC LEA.

(Read February 12, 1861.)

Anodonta Kennicottii.—Testâ lævi, ellipticâ subinflatâ, inæquilaterali, posticê obtusê biangulatâ, anticé rotundâ; valvulis subtenuibus; natibus prominentibus, acuminatis, ad apices granulatis; epidermide pallido-luteâ usque tenebroso-fuscâ, eradiatâ; margaritâ cæruleo-albâ et iridescente.

Hab.—Great Slave Lake at Fort Rae, and north end of Lake Winnipeg, Arctic America. R. Kennicott.

Anodonta Simpsoniana.—Testă lævi, ellipticâ, subcompressă, elongato-lenticulari, posticè obtusè angulatâ, anticè rotundâ; valvulis tenuibus; natibus prominulis, ad apices undulatis; epidermide tenebroso-fuscâ, eradiatâ; margaritâ cæruleo-albâ et iridescente.

Hab .- Fort Rae, Great Slave Lake, Arctic America. R. Kennicott.

Descriptions of New Species of SCHIZOSTOMA, ANCULOSA and LITHASIA.

BY ISAAC LEA.

(Read February 19th, 1861.)

Schizostoma Spillmanii.—Testâ striatâ, subcylindraceâ, subcrassá, luteo-fuscâ, imperforatâ; spirâ obtusâ, conoideâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus senis, valdè vittatis, planulatis, ultimo grandi; fissurâ obliquâ subbrevique; aperturà grandi, ovatâ, intus vittatâ, ad basim obtusè angulatâ; columellà albâ. supernè incrassatâ; labro-acuto sinuatoque.

Hab .- Coosa River, Alabama. Dr. Showalter.

Anculosa turbinata.—Testâ lævi, subrotundâ, crassâ, ponderosâ, tenebrosocorneâ, trivittatâ; spirâ obtusâ, vix exertâ; suturis valdê impressis; anfractibus quaternis. ultimo pergrandi; aperturâ magnâ, ovatâ, intus albidâ, trivittatâ, ad basim recurvatâ; columellâ incurvâ, impressâ; labro acuto, expanso, sinuato.

Hab.—North Alabama. Prof. M. Tuomey and Dr. Lewis. Tuscaloosa, Dr. Budd.

Anculosa Lewish.—Testâ lævi, ellipticâ, subcrassă, subinflatâ, luteo-corneâ; spinâ obtusâ, vix exertâ, acuminatâ; suturis vix impressis; anfractibus quinis. ultimo pergrandi; aperturâ magnâ, regulariter ovatâ, intus albidă; collumellâ incurvâ, supernè et infernè paulisper incrassatâ; labro acuto, subexpanso. paulisper sinuato.

Hab .- Tennessee. James Lewis, M. D.

Anculosa Coosaensis.—Testá lævi, obtuso-conicá, crassá, tenebroso-corneá. valdè vittatá; spirá exertá, ad apices obtusá; suturis valdè impressis; anfractibus quaternis, infernè suturis valdè constrictis, ultimo magno; aperturá rotundatá, albidá, intus valdè vittatá; columellá incrassatá, incurvá, tenebroso-purpureá; labro acuto, expanso.

Hab.-Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

LITHASIA FUSIFORMIS.—Testâ sulcatâ, fusiformi, subtenui, rufo-fuscâ, quadro-vittatâ; spirâ conoideâ; suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus senis, ultimo magno et paulisper inflato; aperturâ elongato-rhomboideâ, intus albidâ. quadro-vittatâ, ad basim canaliculatâ et recurvatâ; columellâ sigmoideâ. supernê incrassatâ; labro subconstricto, margine acuto.

Hab.—Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

LITHASIA IMPERIALIS.—Testâ tuberculatâ, fusiformi, subcrassâ, tenebrosocornea; spirâ elevatâ, conoideâ; suturis irregulariter et valdè impressis; anfractibus senis, ultimo subgrandi, supernè irregulariter tuberculatis, subinflatis; aperturâ parviusculâ, elongato-rhomboideâ, intus albidâ, fuscis capillaris instructis, ad basim canaliculatâ et recurvatâ; columellâ sigmoideâ, supernè paulisper incrassatâ; labro subexpanso, margine acuto.

Hab,-North Alabama. Prof. Tuomey.

LITHASIA TUOMEYI.—Testâ tuberculatâ, valdè inflatâ, subcrassâ, tenebrosocorneâ; spirâ obtuso-conoideâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus quinis, ultimo grandi, infrâ suturis obliquè tuberculatis; aperturâ magnâ, rhomboideâ, intus albidâ, obsoletê vittatâ, ad basim canaliculatâ; columellâ valdè incurvatâ, supernè et infernè incrassatâ; labro expanso, margine acuto.

Hab .- North Alabama. Prof. M. Tuomey.

LITHASIA SUBGLOBOSA.—Testâ tuberculatâ, subglobosâ, crassâ, luteo-comeâ. bivittatâ; spirâ vix exertâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus quinis, ultimo grandissimo, apud humeris tuberculatis; aperturâ magnâ, rhomboideâ, intus albâ. bivittatâ, ad basim canaliculatâ; columellâ valdê incurvatâ, supernê et infernê valdê incrassatâ; labro expanso, margine acuto.

Hab .- Tennessee. Prof. G. Troost.

LITHASIA DILATATA.—Testâ lævi, subglobosâ, subcrassâ, glauco-virentê, infrâ suturis luteolâ, obsoletê vittatâ; spirâ obtusê conoideâ; suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus quinis, ultimo magno et ventricoso; aperturâ grandi, subrhomboideâ, intus fuscescente, ad basim angulatâ; columellâ infernê et supernê incrassatâ, incurvâ; labro acuto et valdê dilatatâ.

Hab .- Tennessee. Prof. G. Troost.

Descriptions of twelve new species of UNIONES, from Alabama.

BY ISAAC LEA.

(Read March 5th, 1861.)

Unio negatus.—Testà sulcatà, subtriangulari, compressà, ad latere planulatà, posticè obtusè angulatà, anticè rotundà, subæquilaterali; valvulis subcrassis, anticè crassioribus: natibus subprominentibus, acuminatis, ad apices corrugatis: epidermide rufo-fuscà, obsoletè radiatà; dentibus cardinalibus subgrandibus. striatis crenulatisque; lateralibus subcrassis, sublongis subrectisque; margarità vel albà vel rosacea et iridescente.

Hab — Big Prairie Creek, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D. And Columbus, Mississippi. W. Spillman, M. D.

UNIO GLANDACEUS.—Testà lævi, subtriangulari, inflatà, inæquilaterali, postice subtriangulatà, antice rotundatà; valvulis crassis, antice crassioribus; natibus prominulis, crassis; epidermide glandaceà, rugosa, eradiata; dentibus cardinalibus magnis, valde sulcatis, erectis; lateralibus curtis, crassis, corrugatis. obliquis subrectisque; margarità alba et iridescente.

Hab.—Cahawba River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Unio instructus.—Testâ lævi, subtriangulari, subcompressâ, inæquilaterali, postice subbiangulată, antice rotundă; valvulis crassiusculis, antice crassioribus: natibus prominentibus, ad apices rugoso undulatis; epidermide mellea, exillissime striată, eradiată; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, striatis crenulatisque: lateralibus subcurtis, striatis, obliquis subrectisque; margarită argenteâ et iridescente.

Hab.—Cahawba River, Alabama, E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Unto trinacrus.—Testâ lævi, triangulari, ad umbones tumidă, inæquilaterali, postice angulată, antice oblique rotundată; valvulis crassis, antice et postice crassioribus; natibus prominentibus, tumidis; epidermide fusco-virente, obsolete radiată, striată, dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, depressis striatisque: lateralibus subcurtis, percrassis, obliquis, corrugatis rectisque; margarită argenteâ et iridescente.

Hab .- Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Uno stabilis.—Testá lævi, triangulari, valdė tumida, valdė inæquilaterali, posticė subbiangulari, anticė rotundata, valvulis percrassis, anticė crassioribus: natibus valdė prominentibus, tumidis, solidissimis, incurvis; epidermide pallido-mellea, eradiata, infernė striata; dentibus cardinalibus crassiusculis, com-

pressis, erectis striatisque; lateralibus crassis, curtis, obliquis, rectis corrugatisque; margarità albà et iridescente.

Hab .- Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Unio consanguineus.—Testâ lævi, valdè obliquâ, anticè tumidâ et truncatâ posticè compressâ et obtusè angulatâ; valvulis crassis, anticè paulisper crassioribus, natibus tumidis, elevatis, incurvis terminalibusque; epidermide luteocastaneâ, obsoletè radiatâ, transversè vittatâ; dentibus cardinalibus subgrandibus, striatis subcompressisque; lateralibus longis, crassis, corrugatis subcurvisque; margaritâ argenteâ et iridescente.

Hab.—Etowah River. Rev. G. White. Oostenaula River, Georgia. Bishop Elliott. And Cahawba River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Unio crebrivittatus.—Testâ lævi, valdè obliquâ, anticè tumidâ et truncatâ, posticè compressâ rotundâque; valvulis crassis, anticè crassioribus; natibus tumidis, elevatis, incurvatis terminalibusque; epidermide tenebroso-fuscâ, transversè et crebrè vittatâ; dentibus cardinalibus subgrandibus, striatis corrugatisque; lateralibus longis, crassis, corrugatis subcurvisque; margaritâ argenteâ et iridescente.

Hab .-- Coosawattee River, Alabama. Bishop Elliott.

Unio interventus.—Testâ lævi, subobliquâ, subcompressâ, inæquilaterali, posticè rotundatâ, anticè rotundâ; valvulis crassiusculis, anticè crassioribus; natibus elevatis; epidermide luteo-corneâ, supernè radiatâ, infernè striatâ, ad umbones micanti; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, pyramidatis striatisque; lateralibus subcurtis, crassis, subobliquis subcurvisque; margaritâ argenteâ et valdè iridescente.

Hab.-Cahawba River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

UNIO PALLIDOFULVUS.—Testâ lævi, obliquâ, tumidâ, valdê inæquilaterali, posticê rotundatâ, antice rotundâ; valvulis crassis, anticê crassioribus; natibus elevatis, subincurvis; epidermide pallido-fulvâ, maculatâ, infernê striatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, pyramidatis striatisque; lateralibus subcurtis, crassis, subobliquis; margaritâ argenteâ et iridescente.

Hab.—Cahawba River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

UNIO PORPHYREUS.—Testâ lævi, ellipticâ, ventricosâ, valdè inæquilaterali, posticè obtusè biangulatâ, anticè rotundatâ; valvulis subcrassis, anticè crassioribus; natibus prominulis; epidermide rufo-fuscescente, micanti, eradiatâ: dentibus cardinalibus crassiusculis, corrugatis, crenulatis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus longis, subcrassis, corrugatis subrectisque: margaritâ saturate-purpureâ et valdè iridescente.

Hab.—Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Unio perpastus.—Testâ lævi, ellipticâ, valdè ventricosâ, valdè inæquilaterali, posticè obtusè biangulatâ, anticè obliquè rotundatâ; valvulis crassiusculis, anticè paulisper crassioribus; natibus subprominentibus, inflatis; epidermide luteo-fuscescente, supernè micanti, infernè striatâ, eradiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, erectis, conicis corrugatisque; lateralibus sublongis, lamellatis, corrugatis subcurvisque; margaritâ albâ et iridescente.

Hab.-Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Unio granulatis.—Testâ plicatâ, ellipticâ, subinflatâ, valdè inæquilaterali, posticè obtusê angulatâ, anticè rotundâ; valvulis subtenuibus, anticè paulisper crassioribus, natibus prominulis, ad apices undato-granulatis; epidermide tenebroso-olivâ, eradiatâ, transversè striatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, compressis, obliquis, crenulatis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus longis, acicularis, tenuis subrectisque; margaritâ purpurascente et valdè iridescente.

Hab.-Big Prairie Creek, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Description of a new genus (STREPHOBASIS) of the family MELANIDÆ, and three new species.

BY ISAAC LEA.

(Read April 16th, 1861.)

Family MELANIDÆ.

Genus Strephobasis.

Testa cylindracea. Apertura subquadrata. Columella infernè incrassata et retro-canaliculata. Operculum corneum, instar spiræ.

The mollusk for which I propose this genus, was sent to me by Wm. Spillman, M. D., of Columbus, Mississippi, and I have before me over a dozen specimens from a third to nearly an inch in length. The very great number of species of the genus *Melania*, makes it desirable to eliminate any group with characters sufficiently distinct to permanently recognize it. The very remarkable retrose callus at the base of the column, causing a lateral sinus, is characteristic of this genus.

Strephobasis Spillmanii.—Testâ lævi, cylindraceâ, crassiusculâ, vel tenebroso-fuscâ vel virente, valdê vittatâ, nitidâ; spirâ obtusâ, curtâ, ad apicem carinatâ; suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus supernê convexiusculis, ultimo constricto; aperturâ subgrandi, subquadratâ, intus cærulescenti et valdê vittatâ; labro acuto, sinuoso; columellâ sinuosâ, ad basim incrassatâ et retrò canaliculatâ.

Hab .- Tennessee River. Wm. Spillman, M. D.

Strephobasis cornea.—Testâ lavi, cylindraceâ, crassâ, corneâ; spirâ obtusâ; suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus supernê convexiusculis, ultimo constricto; aperturâ rhombo-quadratâ, intus luteo-albâ; labro acuto, sinuoso; columellâ sinuosâ, ad basim incrassatâ et retro-canaliculatâ.

Operculum small, ovate, spiral, dark brown, with the polar-point near the base.

Hab .- Tennessee River. Wm. Spillman, M. D.

Strephobasis Clarkii.—Testâ lævi, cylindraceâ, subtenui, luteo-corneâ, trivittatâ; spirâ valdê obtusâ, curtâ; suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus quinis, supernè convexiusculis, ultimo constricto; aperturâ subgrandi, quadratâ, intus albidâ, valdê vittatâ; labro acuto; columellâ sinuosâ, ad basim albâ, incrassatâ et retro-canaliculatâ.

Hab .- Tennessee River, at Chattanooga, Tennessee. Joseph Clark.

Descriptions of forty-nine New Species of the Genus MELANIA,

BY ISAAC LEA.

(Read May 21st, 1861.)

During the past and present years, I have read several papers describing new species of Unionidæ and Melanidæ, kindly sent to me by E. R. Showalter, M. D., of Uniontown, Alabama, a Correspondent of our Academy, who has been unremitting in his exertions to make known the natural history of that part of the State. In these papers there were few species of the genus Melania. They were purposely delayed with a view to bring them as much together as possible: and the present paper will exhibit the vast expansion there of Zoological life in this single genus, the Coosa River really appearing to be the Zoological centre of this particular group.

The great variety of form, color and size will at once strike the Naturalist, and he will be surprised in the examination of these forms to observe how few there are of tuberculate or plicate species, which so well characterise the members of the same family, in the streams which form the Tennessee and Cumberland rivers at no great distance.

MELANIA HARTMANIANA.—Testâ lævi, conicâ, magnâ, vel tenebroso-corneâ vel tenebroso-oliva, valdê vittatâ, imperforatâ; spirâ obtusê conicâ; suturis valdê impressis: anfractibus subplanulatis, instar septenis, ultimo grandi; aperturâ grandi, ovato-rhomboideâ, intus brunneo-vittatâ, ad basim obtusê angulatâ; labro acuto; columellâ incurvatâ.

Hab.-Coosa and Cahawba Rivers, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA LEWISII.—Testâ striatâ, subcylindraceâ, tenebroso-virente, valdê vittatâ; spirâ subelevatâ, conoideâ; suturis valdê impressis; anfractibus planulatis, sulcatis, instar senis; aperturâ parviusculâ, ovato-rhomboideâ. intus valdê vittatâ, ad basim obtusê angulatâ; labro acuto; columellâ albâ et încurvatâ.

Hab.—Coosa and Talapoosa Rivers, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA ELLIPTICA.—Testâ lævi; ellipticâ, luteolâ, quadrivittatâ; spirâ brevi. obtusâ. ad apicem plicatâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus senis, subconvexis: aperturâ subgrandi, elongato-ellipticâ, intus quadrivittatâ, ad basim obtusê angulatâ; labro acuto; columellâ albidâ et incurvatâ.

Hab.-Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D. and E. Foreman, M. D.

MELANIA RUBICUNDA.—Testâ valdè striatâ, rubidâ, subfusiformi; spirâ subelevatá. conoideâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus instar senis, convexiusculis; aperturâ subconstrictâ, elongato-ellipticâ, intus rubidâ, ad basim obtuso-augulatâ; labro acuto; columellâ incrassatâ, rubidâ, incurvatâ.

Hab.—Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA VESICULA.—Testâ lævi, ellipticâ, luteâ, immaculatâ, subtenui; spirâ brevissimâ, obtusâ; suturis subimpressis; anfractibus ternis, subconvexis; aperturâ grandi, regulariter ovatâ, intus dilute-salmoniâ; labro acuto; columellâ incrassatâ, incurvatâ, ad basim rotundatâ.

Hab .- Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA COOSAENSIS.—Testâ striatâ, fusiformi, corneâ, quadrivittatâ, subcrassá; spirâ subelevatâ, conicâ; suturis valdê impressis; anfractibus septenis, convexiusculis, sulcatis; aperturâ constrictâ, elongato-ellipticâ, intus albidâ, et quadrivittatâ; labro acuto, subcrenulato; columellâ paulisper incrassatâ, incurvatâ, ad basim obtusê angulatâ.

Hab .- Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA GRACILIOR.—Testà striatà, fusiformi, viridi-lutescente, subcrassà; spirà subelevatà, conicà; suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus septenis, vix convexis; aperturà subconstrictà, elongato-ellipticà, intus albidà; labro acuto; columellà albidà, infernè paulisper recurvà, ad basim subrotundatà.

Hab.-Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA PROPRIA.—Testâ lævi, fusiformi, luteo-olivâ, quadrivittatâ, subcrassâ; spirâ obtuso-conoideâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus senis, convexiusculis; aperturâ subgrandi, elongato-ellipticâ, intus albidâ et vittatâ; labro acuto; columellâ inflectâ, albâ, ad basim subangulatâ.

Hab .-- Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA NUBILA.—Testâ striatâ, subellipticâ, obtusè conoideâ, tenebrosovirente, obscurè maculatâ vel laté vittatâ, subcrassâ; spirâ obtusè elevatâ; suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus senis, subinflatis, ultimo grandi; aperturâ subgrandi, rhomboido-ellipticâ, intus quadrivittatâ; labro acuto; columellâ arcuatâ, ad basim obtusè angulatâ.

Hab.—Coosa River, Wetumpka, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA ORBICULA.—Testâ striatâ, globosâ, subcrassâ, luteo-virente, quadrivittatâ; spirâ brevi, obtusâ; suturis valdê împressis; anfractibus quinis, valdê înflatis, ultimo grandi; aperturâ grandi, ellipticâ, intus quadrivittatâ; labro acuto; columellâ albâ, încurvatâ, ad basim obtusê angulatâ.

Hab.-Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Melania calculoides.—Testâ striatâ, subglobosâ, crassâ, corneâ, robustâ; spirâ conicâ, valdê obtusâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus senis, valdê infla-

tis, ultimo grandi: aperturâ subgrandi, elongato-ellipticâ, intus albidâ: labro acuto; columellâ albidâ, incrassatâ, arcuatâ, ad basim retusâ.

Hab .- Coosa River. Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA PUNICEA.—Testâ lævi, subcylindraceâ, crassâ, puniceâ; spirâ elevatâ, conicâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus convexiusculis; aperturâ parvâ. rotundo-ovatâ, intus albâ; labro acuto; columellâ incrassatâ, albâ, ad basim rotundatâ.

Hab .- Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA LUTEOLA.—Testâ lævi, subellipticâ, subtenui, pallido-luteâ; spirâ subelevatâ, conoideâ; suturis paulisper impressis; anfractibus planiusculis; aperturâ subgrandi, intus albidâ; labro acuto; columellâ albidâ, incurvâ; ad başim obtuso-angulatâ.

Hab .- Alabama River. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA FASCINANS.—Testâ lævi, subfusiformi, crassiusculâ, luteo-corneâ, nitidâ; spirâ elevato-conicâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus convexiusculis; aperturâ subgrandi, intus albâ, trivittatâ; labro acuto; columellâ albâ, ad basim retusâ.

Hab .- Yellowleaf Creek, Shelby County, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA QUADRIVITTATA,—Testâ lævi, subellipticâ, crassiusculâ, viridi-luteâ, nitidâ; spirâ obtusè conoideâ; suturis valdè impressis; anfractibus octonis, convexiusculis; aperturâ subconstrictâ, rhombo-ovatâ, intus albidâ, quadrivittatâ; labro acuto; columellâ incurvâ, ad basim angulatâ.

Hab .- Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA MIDAS.—Testâ lævi, cylindraceo-ellipticâ, crassiusculâ, virente, obsoletè vittatâ: suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus compressiusculis, ultimo pergrandi, infernè obsoletè striatâ; aperturâ grandi, auriculæformis, intus cæruleo-albâ: labro acuto; columellâ cæruleo-albâ, incrassatâ, inflectâ, ad basim obtusè angulatâ.

Hab .- Coosa and Alabama Rivers, near Wetumpka. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA VARIATA.—Testâ lævi, subfusiformi, obtuso-conicâ, crassiusculâ, vel luteolâ vel purpurescente; suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus senis, supernè planiusculis, ultimo inflato; aperturâ grandi, intus vel luteolâ vel purpurescente: labro acuto; columellâ arcuatâ, inspissatâ, ad hasim obtusê angulatâ.

Hab.—Coosa River, at Wetumpka and Montevallo, Bibb County, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Melania virgulata.-Testà lævi, fusiformi, conica, crassiuscula, nitida, mu-

cronată, luteolă, quadrivittată; suturis subimpressis; anfractibus septenis, supernê constrictă, ultimo bulboso; apertură subgrandi, subelliptică, intus luteo-albă et valdê vittată; labro acuto-; columellâ inflectă, ad basim angulată et canaliculată.

Hab.—Coosa and Tallapoosa Rivers, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Melania mucronata.—Testâ lævi, acuto-conoideâ, tenui, diaphanâ, stramineo-luteâ; spirâ exertâ, mucronatâ; suturis leviter impressis; anfractibus senis, supernè planulatis: aperturâ parviusculâ, ovato-rhomboideâ, intus luteo-albidâ; labro acuto, sinuato; columellâ ad basim paulisper incrassatâ, sub-effusâ et subrecurvâ.

Hab .- Big Prairie Creek, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Melania propinqua.—Testâ lævi, subcylindraceâ, subcrassâ, luteolâ, quadrivittatâ; spirâ subelevatâ, conoideâ; suturis valdê impressis; anfractibus senis, supernê planiusculis; aperturá ellipticâ, parviusculâ, intus albidâ et vittatâ; labro acuto; columellâ paulisper incrassatâ, infernê rotundatâ.

Hab. -Coosa and Cahawba Rivers, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA SUAVIS.—Testà lævi, subfusiformi, subcrassa, luteo-viridi, polita, quadrivittata; spira obtuso-conica; suturis regulariter impressis; anfractibus senis, supernè planiusculis; apertura subgrandi, elliptica, intus albida et vittata; labro acuto; columella incurva, ad basim rotundata.

Hab.—Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA FALLAX—Testâ lævi, pupæformi, obtuso-conoideâ, subcrassâ, vel tenebroso-fuscâ vel tenebroso-corneâ, obsoletê vittatâ vel evittatâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus septenis, convexiusculis, ultimo parvo; aperturâ parvâ, valdê constrictâ, elongato-ellipticâ; labro acuto; columellâ paulisper inflectâ, ad basim obtusê angulatâ.

Hab .- Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA CLAUSA.—Testâ lævi, pupæformi, obtuso-conicâ, crassâ, olivâ, vittatâ vel evittatâ; suturis valdê impressis; anfractibus septenis, convexiusculis; aperturâ parvâ, constrictâ, ellipticâ, intus albidâ; labro acuto; columellâ paulisper inflectâ, ad basim obtusè angulatâ.

Hab.—Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA PURPUREA.—Testâ lævi, subfusiformi, obtuso-conicâ, subtenui, tenebroso-rufâ; suturis paulisper impressis: anfractibus quinis, ultimo grandi; aperturâ subgrandi, ellipticâ, intus tenebrosâ; labro acuto; columellâ tenebrosâ, inflectâ.

Hab.—Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Melania Mellea.—Testâ lævi, subfusiformi, conica, crassiusculâ, melleâ, aliquandô vittatâ; suturis irregulariter impressis: anfractibus septenis, supernê planulatis, ultimo grandi, inflato; aperturâ grandi, rhomboido-ellipticâ, intus luteolâ; labro acuto; columellâ incrassatâ, inflectâ, infernê obtusê angulatâ.

Hab.—Coosa River, at Wetumpka, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA VABIANS.—Testâ lævi, vel plicatâ vel striatâ, elevato-conicâ, subcrassâ. luteolâ vel dilutê fuscâ, vittatâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus septenis, supernê planiusculis; aperturâ parviusculâ, ellipticâ, intus albidâ et vittatâ: labro acuto; columellâ albidâ, incurvatâ, ad basim obtusê angulatâ.

Hab.—Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA SHOWALTERII. Testâ lævi, elevato-conicâ, subcrassâ, luteo-fuscâ, quadrivittatâ, suturis impressis; anfractibus instar senis, supernè planulatis, infernè subinflatis, ultimo subgrandi; aperturà subgrandi, ovato-rhomboideâ, intus albidà et vittatâ; labro acuto et paulisper sinuato; columellà albâ, inflectâ, supernè paulisper incrassatâ, ad basim subrotundatâ.

Hab.-Coosa and Cahawba Rivers, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA GLANDARIA.—Testâ lævi. obtuso-ellipticâ, crassâ, viridi-luteâ, quadrivittatâ; suturis valdè et irregulariter impressis; anfractibus septenis, convexiusculis, ultimo grandi; aperturâ elongato-ellipticâ, subconstrictâ, intus alba et valdè vittatâ; labro acuto, subsinuoso; columellâ arcuatâ, supernè et infernê incrassatâ, paulisper canaliculatâ et contortâ.

Hab.-Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA PUDICA.—Testâ lævi, conoideâ, crassiusculâ, olivaceâ vel rufusculâ: suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus senis, convexiusculis; aperturâ parviusculâ, ovatâ, intus cæruleo-albâ; labro acuto; columellâ inflectâ, supernè incrassatâ, ad basim rotundatâ.

Hab .- Yellowleaf Creek, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Melania Shelbvensis.—Testá lævi, subellipticá, subcrassá, olivaceá, vittatá vel evittatá; suturis impressis; anfractibus supernè planulatis; aperturá parviusculá, subovatá, intus albá; labro acuto; columellá inflectá, ad basim obtuse angulatá.

Hab .- Yellowleaf Creek, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA ALABAMENSIS.—Testâ lævi, pupæformi, subelevatâ, subcrassâ, luteolâ, quadrivittatâ; suturis valdê impressis; anfractibus instar septenis, convexis: aperturâ parvâ, subconstrictâ, subellipticâ, intus albidâ et vittatâ: labro acuto; columellâ inflectâ, albidâ, ad basim obtusè angulatâ.

Hab.-Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA RARA.—Testâ lævi, elevato-conoideâ, scalariformi, subcrassâ, tenebroso-olivâ, nitidâ; suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus octonis, planulatis, supernè angulatis; aperturâ parviusculâ, ellipticâ, intus tenebroso-purpureâ; labro acuto; columellâ incurvâ, purpureâ, ad basim obtusè angulatâ.

Hab.-Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA BULLULA.—Testâ lævi, conoideâ, inflatâ, subtenui, viridi-luteâ, quadrivittatâ, suturis impressis; anfractibus instar quinis, inflatis, ultimo subgrandi; aperturâ subgrandi, latè ovatâ, intus albidâ et vittatâ; labro acuto; columellâ albidâ, supernè incrassatâ, sinuosâ, infernè subangulatâ.

Operculum elliptical, spiral, dark brown, with polar point near the base.

Hab .- Yellowleaf Creek, Shelby County, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA STRAMINEA.—Testâ lævi, regulariter ellipticâ, obtusè conoideâ, crassiusculâ, stramineâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus quinis, ultimo pergrandi et subinflatâ; aperturâ grandi, elongato-ellipticâ, intus luteo-albidâ; labro acuto; columellâ arcuatâ, supernè paulisper callosâ, ad basim obtusè angulatâ.

Operculum ovate, spiral, light brown, with the polar point near the edge towards the base.

Hab.-Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA SOLIDULA.—Testâ lævi, subfusiformi, obtusè conicâ, crassiusculâ, luteo-viridi vel luteo-fuscâ, vittatâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus quinis, supernè planulatis, infernè rotundatis, ultimo grandi; aperturâ subgrandi, ovatâ, intus albidâ; labro acuto; columellâ arcuatâ, supernè paulisper callosâ, ad basim obtusê angulatâ.

Hab.—Yellowleaf Creek, near its junction with Coosa River, Alabama E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Melania Cahawbensis.—Testâ lævi, subfusiformi, elevato-conicâ, muoronatâ, subtenui, tenebroso-corneâ, obsoletê vittatâ; suturis linearibus; anfractibus octonis, supernê planulatis, ultimo subgrandi; aperturâ parviusculâ, ovatâ intus albidâ vel luteolâ; labro acuto; columellâ arcuatâ, ad basim subrotundâ.

Hab.—Cahawba River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA CULTA.—Testâ rugoso-striatâ, obtuso-conoideâ, inflatâ, subcrassâ, viridi-luteâ, nitidâ, trivittatâ; suturis valdê et irregulariter impressis; anfractibus septenis, supernè carinatis; aperturâ amplâ, subrhomboideâ, intus albidâ et vittatâ; labro acuto; columellâ incurvâ, dilutê roseâ, infernê angulatâ.

Hab.-Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA LITA.—Testâ rugoso-striatâ, pupæformi, conoideâ, subcrassâ, quadrivittatâ, variegatâ, nitidă; suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus senis, supernè convexis, ultimo elongato; aperturâ subconstrictâ, elongato-ovatâ, intus purpurescente et vittatâ; labro acuto, spissato; columellâ infernè incurvatâ, purpureâ, ad basim rotundatâ.

Hab.—Cahawba River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA COPIOSA.—Testâ striatâ, latè ellipticâ, ventricosâ, obtuso-conicâ, crassiusculâ, luteo-corneâ, obsoletè vittatâ; suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus quinis, convexiusculis, ultimo pergrandi; aperturâ copiosâ, latè ellipticâ, intus albidâ; labro acuto, sinuoso; columellâ arcuatâ, supernè paulisper incrassatâ, ad basim subrotundâ.

Hab.-Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA PERGRATA.—Testă striată, subcylindraceă, obtuse conicâ, crassiusculă, viridi-corneă, suturis valde impressis; anfractibus senis, superne humerosis, striis transversis crebre indutis, ultimo pergrandi et cylindraceo; apertură grandi, elongato-ovată, intus albidă; labro acuto; columellă arcuată, superne paulisper callosă, ad basim subrotundată.

Operculum, ovate, spiral, dark brown, with the polar point on the edge near to the base.

Hab .- Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA BELLULA.—Testâ striatâ, subellipticâ, obtusê conoideâ, crassiusculâ, luteo-corneâ, quadrivittatâ; suturis valdê impressis; anfractibus instar quinis, convexiusculis, ultimo grandî; aperturâ subgrandî, ellipticâ, intus albidâ et vittatâ; labro acuto; columellâ albâ, inflectâ, ad basim obtusê angulatâ.

Operculum elliptical, spiral, dark brown, with the polar point near the inner edge, about one-fourth from the base.

Hab .- Yellowleaf Creek, Shelby County, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA ÆQUA.—Testâ substriatâ, conicâ, subcrassâ, tenebroso-fuscâ, suturis impressis; anfractibus instar senis, supernè planulatis; aperturâ parvâ, rhomboideá, intus albidá; labro acuto; columellá inflectâ, paulisper incrassatâ, ad basim obtusè angulatâ.

Hab.—Yellowleaf Creek, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA CAPILLARIS.—Testâ crebrè striatâ, angustè ellipticâ, crassiusculâ, luteo-fuscâ, striis transversis capillaris crebressimè indutis; suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus subcompressis, ultimo grandi; aperturâ grandi, elongato-ellipticâ, intus striis capillaris; labro crenulato; columellâ albidâ, incrassatâ, incurvâ, ad basim obtusè angulatâ.

Operculum ovate, spiral, dark brown, with polar point near the inner side and near to the base.

Hab.—Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D. and Wm. Spillman, M. D.

MELANIA GRATIOSA.—Testâ tuberculatâ, aliquando striatâ, obtuso-fusiformi, crassiusculâ, luteo-viridi, vel vittatâ vel evittatâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus senis, supernè planulatis, ultimo grandi; aperturâ subgrandi, subrhomboideâ, intus albidâ; labro acuto, subsinuoso; columellâ inflectâ, incrassatâ, ad basim subangulatâ.

Operculum ovate, spiral, dark brown, with the polar point near the base. Hab.—Coosa River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA PAULA.—Testâ carinatâ, conicâ, tenui, diaphanâ, rufo-corneâ; suturis paulisper impressis; anfractibus senis, supernê acuto-carinatis, ultimo sub-bicarinato; aperturâ parviusculâ, lato-ellipticâ, intus albidâ; labro acuto; columellâ vel albidâ vel rufescente, inflectâ, ad basim acuto-angulatâ.

Hab.—Cahawba River, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Melania blanda.—Testâ plicatâ, obtusè fusiformi, supernè obtusè conicâ, subtenui, tenebroso-corneâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus quinis, supernè planulatis, ultimo grandi et subangulato; aperturâ subgrandi, ellipticâ, intus luteo-albâ; labro acuto; columellâ incrassatâ, inflectâ, infernè subangulatâ.

Hab .- Yellowleaf Creek, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

Melania crepera.—Testâ substriatâ, conicâ, subcrassâ, fuliginosâ; spirâ subelevatâ; suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus senis, convexiusculis; aperturâ ovato-rhombicâ, intus albidâ; labro acuto; columellâ inflectâ, supernè paulisper incrassatâ, ad basim obtusè angulatâ.

Hab.—Yellowleaf Creek, Shelby County, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA FUMEA.—Testâ lævi, conicâ, subtenui, fumeâ, subnitidâ, aliquando obsoletè vittatâ; spirâ subelevatâ; suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus supernè planulatis, infernè subinflatis; aperturâ ovato-rhombicâ, intus albidâ; labro acuto; columellâ inflectâ, supernè paulisper incrassatâ, ad basim subrotundâ.

Hab .- Yellowleaf Creek, Shelby County, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

MELANIA PROPRIA.—Testâ lævi, elongato-ellipticâ, subtenui, luteo-corneâ, obsoletè vittatâ, nitidâ; spirâ elevatâ; suturis valdê impressis; anfractibus instar senis, supernè convexiusculis, infernè inflatis; aperturâ subgrandi, ovatâ, intus luteo-albâ; labro acuto; columellâ inflectâ, supernè incrassatâ, ad basim rotundatâ.

Hab.-Yellowleaf Creek, Shelby County, Alabama. E. R. Showalter, M. D.

subcurtis subrectisque; margarità vel albà vel roseà vel salmonià et valdè iridescente.

Hab .- Dallas, Texas. Prof. C. G. Forshey.

UNIO HEERMANNII. — Testâ alatâ, lævi, ellipticâ, compressâ, valdê inæquilaterali, posticê obtusê biangulatâ, anticê rotundâ; valvulis subtenuibus, anticê irregulariter crassioribus; natibus prominulis, vix undulatis; epidermide luteofuscâ, micanti. eradiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, subconicis, crenulatis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus longis, lamellatis subrectisque; margaritâ pallido-salmoniâ, purpurescente et intensê iridescente.

Hab .- Medina River, Texas. A. L. Heermann, M. D.

UNIO TESSERULE.—Testâ lævi, quadratâ, cuboideâ, valdê tumidâ, valdé inæquilaterali, postice obtusè angulatâ, anticè truncatâ; valvulis crassis, ad apices rugoso-undulatis; epidermide melleâ, micanti, radiis interuptis indutis; dentibus cardinalibus parviusculis, subconicis corrugatisque; lateralibus curtis, obliquis rectisque; margaritâ argenteâ et valdè iridescente.

Hab.-Nolachucky River, Tenn. J. G. Anthony.

UNIO NORTHAMPTONENSIS.—Testâ lævi, oblongâ, valdê compressâ, ad latere planulată, postice obtuse biangulari, antice oblique rotundatâ, valde inæquilaterali; valvulis subcrassis, antice crassioribus; natibus prominulis; epidermide vel ochraceá vel luteo-fuscâ, oblique radiatâ; dentibus cardinalibus crassis, striatis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus prælongis, validis, corrugatis, subrectis lamellatisque; margaritâ vel albâ vel purpurascente vel salmonis colore tinctâ et valde iridescente.

Hab.—Connecticut River, at Northampton. At Springfield, by L. Shurtleff, M. D. Below Hartford, T. R. Ingalls, M. D. Neuse River, N. C., E. Emmons, M. D.

UNIO WARDII.—Testà tuberculatà, subtriangulari, compressà, subæquilaterali, posticè et infernè emarginatà, anticè rotundà; valvulis crassiusculis, anticè crassioribus; natibus prominulis, ad apices rugosis; epidermide vel luteolà vel luteo-virente, maculis triangularis indutis; dentibus cardinalibus subgrandibus, compressis sulcatisque; lateralibus sublongis, subcrassis, obliquis rectisque; margarità argenteà, interdum roseà et iridescente.

Hab.—Walhonding River, Ohio, J. C. Ward. Wassepinicon River, Iowa, Dr. Foreman. Coal River, Virginia, Dr. Hartman.

UNIO SAMPSONII.—Testâ lævi, oblongâ, inflatâ, ad umbones valdê tumidâ, posticê emarginatâ, anticê rotundâ, valdê inæquilaterali; valvulis crassis, anticê paulisper crassioribus; natibus prominentibus, tumidis, incurvis, ad apices vix undulatis; epidermide luteolâ, radiis viridis vestitis; dentibus cardinalibus

subgrandibus, erectis corrugatisque; lateralibus crassis, curtis, corrugatis subrectisque; margarità argenteà et paulisper iridescente.

Hab.—Wabash River, New Harmony, Indiana. James Sampson.

Unio vestitus.—Testâ lævi, ellipticâ, compressă, inæquilaterali, posticè obtuse angulatâ, antice rotundâ; valvulis subtenuibus, antice paulisper crassioribus; natibus prominulis; epidermide vel lutea vel luteo-fuscâ, politâ, radiis obliquis viridis vestitis; dentibus cardinalibus parvis, compressis, acuminatis, crenulatis, in utroque valvulo duplicibus; lateralibus sublongis, lamellatis, subobliquis corrugatisque; margaritâ albidâ et splendide iridescente.

Hab .- Ogechee River, Georgia. Major Le Conte and J. G. Anthony.

Descriptions of Seven New Species of the Genus 10.

BY ISAAC LEA.

Read December 24th, 1861,

When I proposed in 1831* to form the new genus Io for Mr. Say's Fusus fluviatilis, there were no other allied species known to naturalists. I then proposed also to change the specific name to fusiformis, as being more appropriate, and I gave a figure under this name. At that time the canons of nomenclature were not so well understood nor so strict as they have since been; and it is only justice to Mr. Say to relinquish my specific name, and to replace his. Subsequently in 1834, I proposed a new species under the name of Io spinosa, (Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., vol. v. pl. 19, fig. 79.) More recently Mr. Anthony, in the Proceedings of the Academy, (1860,) proposed four new species: three of which I think belong to the two previously established species. Mr. Lovell Reeve, in his beautiful "Conchologia Iconica," has recently issued among his monographs one of the genus Io with numerous plates and full descriptions. In this he has introduced a number of species, most of which I think more appropriately belong to Prof. Haldeman's genus Lithasia—the species of which form a very excellent group, which he separated from Melania and Anculosabut which Mr. Reeve does not seem to recognise. Of the true Io I also think he has considered several varieties as species.

Io nodosa.—Testà tuberculatà, elevato-conicà, virido-corneâ, vittatà; spirà regulariter conicà; suturis valdè impressis; anfractibus instar denis, planulatis, medio tuberculatis, infià striatis; aperturà parviusculà, rhomboideà, intus vittatà; labro acuto et sigmoideo; columellà albà et valdè contortà; canali breviusculà.

Hab .- Tennessee River, Alabama? † Wm. Spillman, M. D.

Io ROBUSTA. — Testà canaliculatà, paulisper tuberculatà, elevato-conicâ, pallido-corneâ, infrà obsoleté vittatâ; spirâ regulariter conicâ; suturis valdè impressis; anfractibus instar denis, apud apicem planulatis, infrà canaliculatà: aperturà parviusculà, rhomboideà, intus vittatà; labro acuto et sigmoideo; columellà pallido-salmonià; canali breviusculà.

Hab .- Tennessee River, Alabama? Wm. Spillman, M. D.

^{*} Trans. Amer. Phil. Soc., January, 1831.

[†] Dr. Spillman simply gave Tennessee River as the habitat of these species, but did not mention what part. They are probably from Alabama.

Io VARIABILIS.—Testà lævi, elevato-conoidea, subfusiformi, vel vittata vel intensè purpurea vel virente; spira regulariter conoidea; suturis leviter impressis; anfractibus instar novenis, planulatis, in medio angulatis: apertura elongato-rhomboidea; labro acuto et sinuoso; columella vel albida vel purpurea et valdè contorta; canali attenuato-constricta.

Hab .- Tennessee River, Alabama? Wm. Spillman, M. D.

Io Modesta.—Testâ lævi, conicâ, virido-corneâ; spirâ regulariter conicâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus novenis, planulatis, in medio angulatis; aperturâ parvâ, regulariter rhomboideâ; labro acuto et sinuoso; columellâ albû et valdê contortâ; canali curtâ et effusâ.

Hab .- Tennessee River, Alabama. Wm. Spillman, M. D.

Io Spillmanii.—Testâ lævi, attenuato-conicâ, pallido-corneâ; spirâ regulariter conicâ, supernè striatâ; suturis leviter impressis; anfractibus instar denis, planulatis, in medio obtusè angulatis; aperturâ parvâ, rhomboideâ; labro acuto et sinuoso; columellâ albâ et valdè contortâ; canali curtâ et subeffusâ.

Hab .- Tennessee River, Alabama? Wm. Spillman, M. D.

Io gracilis.—Testà lævi, conicâ, pallido-purpureâ; spirâ regulariter conicâ; suturis regulariter impressis; anfractibus instar novenis, planulatis, in medio angulatis; aperturâ parviusculâ, rhomboideâ; labro acuto et sinuoso; columellà pallido-purpureâ, valdè contortâ et deflectâ; canali curtâ et latè effusâ.

Hab.—Coosa River, Alabama. Wm. Spillman, M. D.

Io viridula.—Testâ lævi, cylindrico-conoideâ, virente; spirâ subelevatá; suturis parum impressis; anfractibus instar novenis, planulatis, in medio obtuse angulatis; aperturâ parviusculâ, rhomboideâ; labro acuto, sinuoso; columellâ ad basim purpureâ, parum contortâ; canali curtâ et dilatatâ.

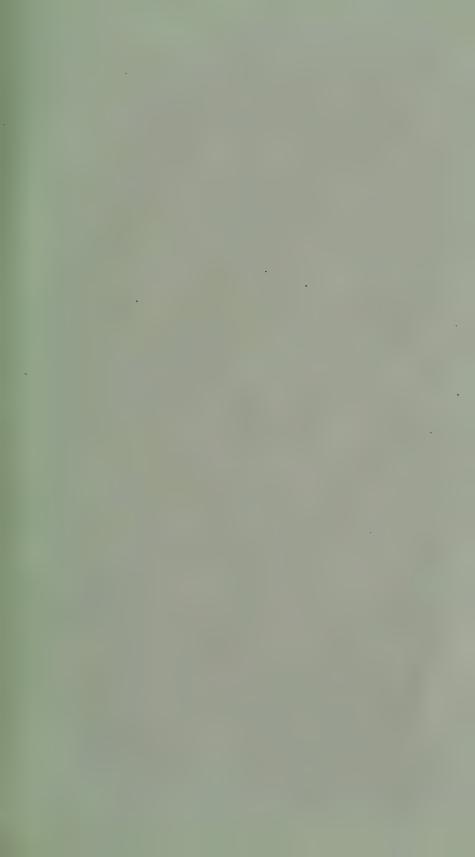
Hab.—Coosa River, Alabama. Wm. Spillman, M. D.

ERRATA.

Page 1, line 9, from bottom, for "Byssandonta," read Byssanodonta.

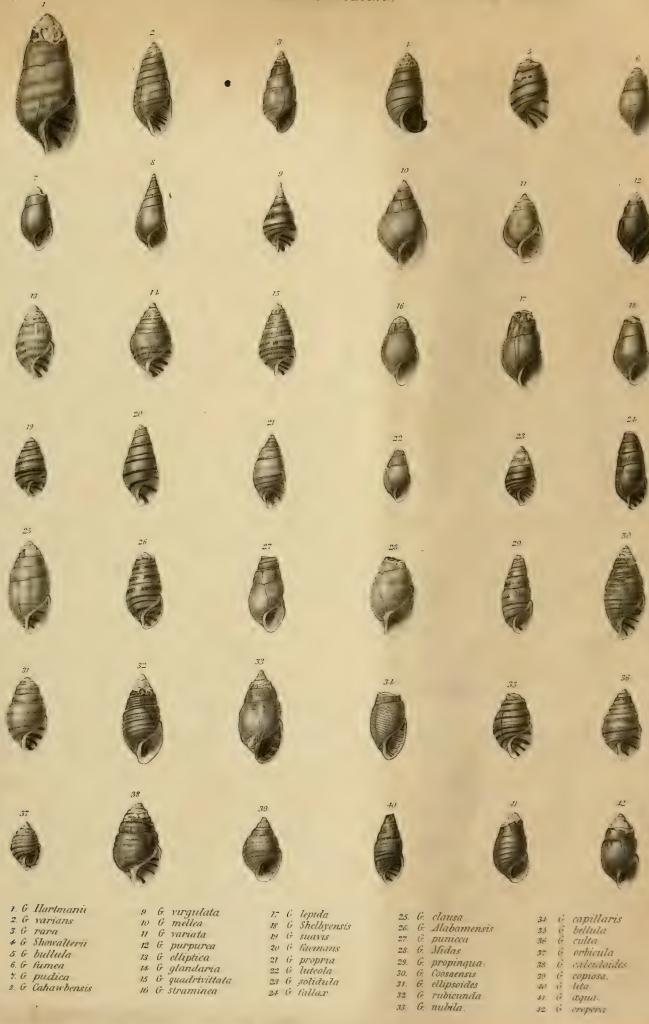
- " 14, " 12, for "castanea," read castaneum.
- " 14, " 24, for "globosa," read globosum.
- " 15, " 5, for "Wetumpkaensis," read Wetumpkaense.
- " 16, " 14, for "Coosa," read Cahawba.
- " 16, " 14, for "Wetumpka," read Centreville.
- " 34, " 15, " gracilior," changed to ellipsoides.
- " 40, " 33, "propria" changed to lepida.







GONIOBAGIS



- 9 G. vurgulata
 10 G mellea
 11 G variata
 12 G. purpurea
 13 G. elliptica
 14 G glandaria
 15 G quadrivittata
 16 G. straminea
- 17 6 lepida 18 6 Shelbyensis 19 6 suavis 20 6 facinans

- 21 6 propria 22 6 luteola 23 6 solidula 24 6 fallax

- 34 & capillaris
 35 & bellula
 36 & culta
 37 & orbicula
 38 & calculoides
 39 & copiosa.
 40 & luta
 41 & aqua.
 12 & crepera

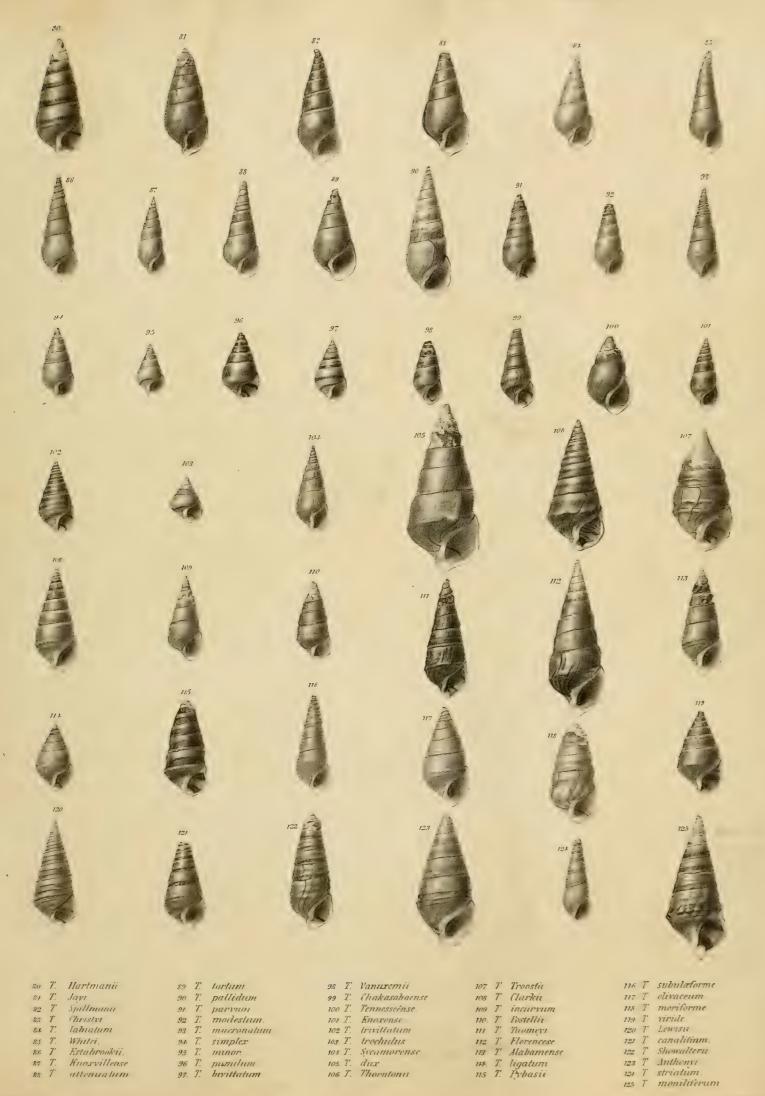


GONIOBASIS, SCHIZOSTOMA, ANCULOSA, LITHASIA, STREEHOLAGIS, WERLING





TRYPANOSTOMA



tillssetson det

Alabamense ligatum Pybasii

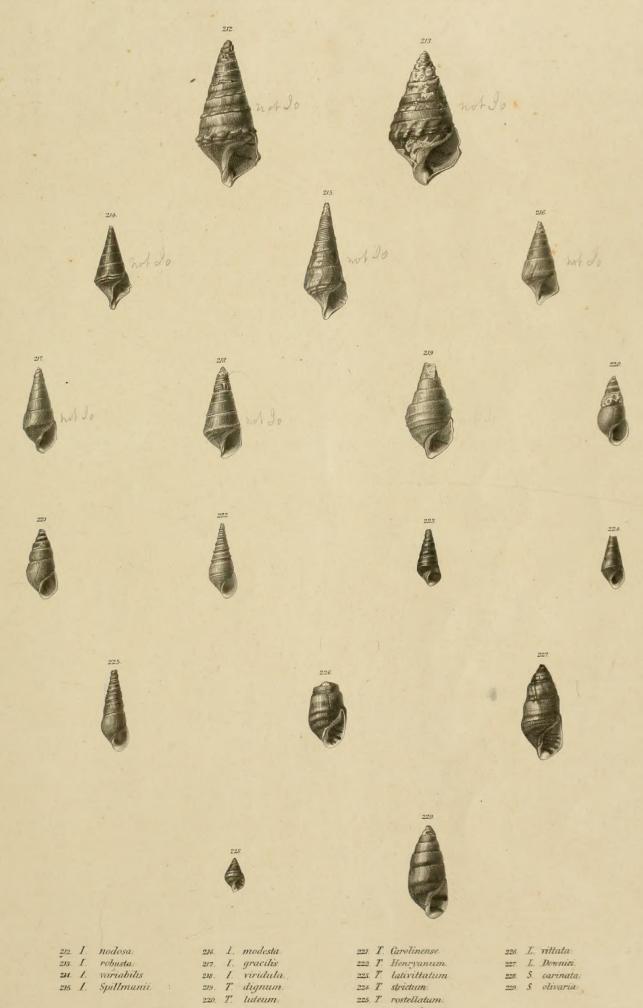


GOMORAGIO

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726	127	. 128	129	130	131.
752	133	134	7.3.5	136	135
758	139	710	141	142	113
	145	116.	2.17	148	149
150		752	153.	154	155
756	157	7.58	159	760	161
102	163	164	165	1105	15-
126. G osculata: 127. G Brumbyi. 128. G Grosvenorii: 129. G parva: 130. G spinella. 131. G Estabrookii. 132. G Prariensis. 133 G Etowahensis.	134 G Draytonii. 135 G Newberryi. 136 G tenebrovitlata 137 G nagrana 138 G Spillmanii. 139 G Flava 140 G Sabbiana.	142 G Bridgesiana 143 G intercedens 144 G Obioensis 145 G cinerea 146 G Vanuxemu 147 G Spartenberget 148 G auricoma 140 G Georgiana	150 G Vauxiana 151. G Whitei 152 G Binneyana 153. G Tuomeyi 154. G tabalis 155. G gibberosa 156. G Lyonii 157. G Tybasii 158. G Duttonii	159 G Doolyensis 160 G Viennaens 161 G strenua 162 G sparus 163 G duffiells 164 G Bairdian 165 G inclinans 166 G indula 167 G Lindsley	is a



10, TRYPANOSTOMA, LITHASIA, STREPHOBASIS.



223. T. lativittatum. 224. T. strictum

225. T. rostellatum.

215. I. Spillmanii.



